

City of Garden Grove
WEEKLY CITY MANAGER'S MEMO
May 23, 2019

TO: Honorable Mayor and City Council FROM: Scott C. Stiles, City Manager
Members

I. ITEMS FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES, OUTSIDE AGENCIES, BUSINESSES AND INDIVIDUALS

- A. Amendment to the *Notice of Treatment for the Asian Citrus Psyllid* from the California Department of Food and Agriculture.
- B. Garden Grove Unified School District #GGUSD Pride E-newsletter featuring events and notable accomplishments.

• **OTHER ITEMS**

- SOCIAL MEDIA HIGHLIGHTS AND NEWSPAPER ARTICLES
Copies of the week's social media posts and local newspaper articles are attached for your information.
- MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS
Items of interest are included.



Scott C. Stiles
City Manager



CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

OFFICIAL NOTICE FOR THE COMMUNITIES OF ANAHEIM, FULLERTON, GARDEN GROVE, HUNTINGTON BEACH, LA HABRA, ORANGE, SANTA ANA, TUSTIN, WESTMINSTER, AND YORBA LINDA IN ORANGE COUNTY PLEASE READ IMMEDIATELY

AMENDMENT TO THE NOTICE OF TREATMENT FOR THE ASIAN CITRUS PSYLLID

Between April 11, 2017 and May 1, 2019, the California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) confirmed the presence of the causative bacterial agent of the citrus disease huanglongbing (HLB) in citrus tree tissue and insect vectors collected in the cities of Anaheim, Fullerton, Garden Grove, Huntington Beach, La Habra, Orange, Santa Ana, Tustin, Westminster, and Yorba Linda in Orange County. HLB is a devastating disease of citrus and is spread through feeding action by populations of the Asian citrus psyllid (ACP), *Diaphorina citri* Kuwayama. In order to determine the extent of the infestation, and to define an appropriate response area, additional surveys took place for several days over a one quarter-square mile area, centered on the detection sites. Based on the results of the surveys, implementation of the CDFA's current ACP and HLB response strategies, which include treatment for ACP, are necessary for eradication and control.

A Program Environmental Impact Report (PEIR) has been certified which analyzes the ACP and HLB treatment program in accordance with Public Resources Code, Sections 21000 et seq. The PEIR is available at <http://www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/peir/>. The treatment activities described below are consistent with the PEIR.

In accordance with integrated pest management principles, CDFA has evaluated possible treatment methods and determined that there are no physical, cultural or biological control methods available to control ACP in this area. Notice of Treatment is valid until May 1, 2020, which is the amount of time necessary to determine that the treatment was successful.

The treatment plan for the ACP infestation will be implemented within a 400-meter radius of each detection site, as follows:

- Tempo® SC Ultra (cyfluthrin), a contact insecticide for controlling the adults and nymphs of ACP, will be applied from the ground using hydraulic spray equipment to the foliage of host plants; and
- Merit® 2F or CoreTect™ (imidacloprid), a systemic insecticide for controlling the immature life stages of ACP, will be applied to the soil underneath host plants. Merit® 2F is applied from the ground using hydraulic spray equipment. CoreTect™, which is used in place of Merit® 2F in situations where there are environmental concerns about soil surface runoff of liquid Merit® 2F, is applied by inserting tablets into the ground and watering the soil beneath the host plants.

Public Notification:

Residents of affected properties shall be invited to a public meeting where officials from CDFA,

the Department of Pesticide Regulation, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, and the county agricultural commissioner's office shall be available to address residents' questions and concerns.

Residents are notified in writing at least 48 hours in advance of any treatment in accordance with the Food and Agricultural Code sections 5771-5779 and 5421-5436.

Following the treatment, completion notices are left with the residents detailing precautions to take and post-harvest intervals applicable to the citrus fruit on the property.

Treatment information is posted at http://cdfa.ca.gov/plant/acp/treatment_maps.html. Press releases, if issued, are prepared by the CDFA information officer and the county agricultural commissioner, in close coordination with the program leader responsible for treatment. Either the county agricultural commissioner or the public information officer serves as the primary contact to the media.

Information concerning the HLB/ACP program shall be conveyed directly to local and State political representatives and authorities via letters, emails, and/or faxes.

For any questions related to this program, please contact the CDFA toll-free telephone number at 800-491-1899 for assistance. This telephone number is also listed on all treatment notices.

Enclosed are the findings regarding the treatment plan, a November 22, 2017 University of California and United States Department of Agriculture briefing paper on the increasing detection rate of ACP/HLB, a map of the treatment area, work plan, integrated pest management analysis of alternative treatment methods, and a pest profile.

Attachments

**FINDINGS REGARDING A TREATMENT PLAN FOR
THE ASIAN CITRUS PSYLLID
Anaheim, Fullerton, Garden Grove, Huntington Beach, La Habra, Orange, Santa Ana, Tustin,
Westminster, and Yorba Linda, Orange County
Program AM-2646**

Between April 11, 2017 and May 1, 2019, the California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) confirmed the presence of the causative bacterial agent of the citrus disease huanglongbing (HLB) in citrus tree tissue and insect vectors collected in the cities of Anaheim, Fullerton, Garden Grove, Huntington Beach, La Habra, Orange, Santa Ana, Tustin, Westminster, and Yorba Linda in Orange County. HLB is a devastating disease of citrus and is spread through feeding action by populations of the Asian citrus psyllid (ACP), *Diaphorina citri* Kuwayama.

In order to determine the extent of the infestation in Anaheim, Fullerton, Garden Grove, Huntington Beach, La Habra, Orange, Santa Ana, Tustin, Westminster, and Yorba Linda, and to define an appropriate response area, an additional survey took place for several days over a one quarter-square mile area, centered on the following detections: April 11, 2017, La Habra; June 14, 2017, Fullerton; May 25, 2018, Yorba Linda; September 25, 2018, Tustin; March 4, 2019, Orange; April 12, 2019, Anaheim and Santa Ana; April 24, 2019, Huntington Beach; April 25, 2019, Garden Grove; and May 1, 2019, Westminster. Based on this survey, pest biology, findings and recommendations from California's HLB Task Force, the Primary State Entomologist, the Primary State Plant Pathologist, United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) experts on HLB and ACP, county agricultural commissioner representatives who are knowledgeable on HLB and ACP, and experience gained from USDA's control efforts in the southeastern United States, I have determined that an infestation of HLB exists and it poses a statewide imminent danger to the environment and economy.

The results of the additional survey also indicated that the local infestation is amenable to CDFA's ACP and HLB emergency response strategies, which include chemical control treatment. This option was selected based upon minimal impacts to the natural environment, biological effectiveness, minimal public intrusiveness, and cost.

HLB is considered one of the most devastating diseases of citrus in the world. The bacterium that causes the disease, *Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus*, blocks the flow of nutrients within the tree and causes the tree to starve to death within two to five years of infection. There is no cure. Symptoms of HLB include yellow shoots with mottling and chlorosis of the leaves, misshapen fruit, fruit that does not fully color, and fruit that has a very bitter taste, which makes it inedible for human consumption. These symptoms often do not appear until two years after infection, making this particular disease difficult to contain and suppress. These undesirable symptoms of HLB-infected trees result in the trees' loss of commercial and aesthetic value while at the same time such trees are hosts for spreading HLB.

ACP is an insect pest that is native to Asia. It has appeared in Central and South America. In the United States, ACP has been found in Alabama, Arizona, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina, and Texas. In California, ACP has been found in twenty-six counties.

ACP feeds on members of the plant family Rutaceae, primarily on *Citrus* and *Murraya* species, but is also known to attack several other genera, including over forty species of plant that act as hosts and possible carriers. The most serious damage to the environment and property caused by ACP – the death and loss in value of host plants – is due to its vectoring HLB. In addition, the psyllids also cause injury to their host plants via the withdrawal of large amounts of sap as they feed and via the production

of large amounts of honeydew, which coats the leaves of the tree and encourages the growth of sooty mold. Sooty mold blocks sunlight from reaching the leaves.

These pests present a significant and imminent threat to the natural environment, agriculture, and economy of California. For example, unabated spread of HLB would have severe consequences to both the citrus industry and to the urban landscape via the decline and the death of citrus trees. The value of California citrus production in the 2016-17 marketing year was \$3.389 billion. The total economic impact of the industry on California's economy in 2016-17 was \$7.1 billion. The California citrus industry added \$1.695 billion to California's state GDP in 2016. Estimated full time equivalent jobs in the California citrus industry in 2016-17 totaled 21,674. Estimated wages paid by the California citrus industry income in 2016-17 totaled \$452 million. A 20 percent reduction in California citrus acreage would cause a loss of 7,350 jobs, \$127 million in employee income, and reduce state GDP by \$501 million.

Additionally, if unabated, the establishment of HLB in California would harm the natural environment as commercial and residential citrus growers would be forced to increase pesticide use. And, the establishment of HLB could lead to enforcement of quarantine restrictions by the USDA and our international trading partners. Such restrictions would jeopardize California's citrus exports, which are valued at over \$800 million per year.

The causative bacteria of HLB was first detected in Los Angeles in 2012. It has subsequently been detected in Orange, Riverside, and San Bernardino counties. Prior to November 2017, the level of HLB risk in California was thought to be relatively stable. However, on November 22, 2017, the University of California and the United States Department of Agriculture released a briefing paper that indicates, beginning in June 2017, a sharp increase in HLB and HLB-positive ACP detections, cities containing HLB, and ACP nymphs. With the release of the November 22, 2017 briefing paper, the Department became aware of the exponential intensification of the HLB epidemic, as demonstrated by the indicators contained in the paper.

Infected trees are destroyed as soon as they are discovered. However, due to the length of time it takes for symptoms to appear on infected trees, new infestations continue to be discovered. If the current infestation is not abated immediately, ACP will likely become established in neighboring counties and could pave the way for a statewide HLB infestation.

CDFA has evaluated possible treatment methods in accordance with integrated pest management (IPM) principles. As part of these principles, I have considered the following treatments for control of ACP: 1) physical controls; 2) cultural controls; 3) biological controls; and 4) chemical controls. Upon careful evaluation of each these options, I have determined that it is necessary to address the imminent threat posed by HLB using currently available technology in a manner that is recommended by the HLB Task Force.

Based upon input from the HLB Task Force, the Primary State Entomologist, the Primary State Plant Pathologist, USDA experts on HLB and ACP, and county agricultural commissioner representatives who are knowledgeable on ACP and HLB, I find there are no physical, cultural or biological control methods that are both effective against ACP and allow CDFA to meet its statutory obligations, and therefore it is necessary to conduct chemical treatments to abate this threat. As a result, I am ordering insecticide treatments for ACP using ground-based equipment within a 400-meter radius around each HLB detection site and any subsequent sites.

A Program Environmental Impact Report (PEIR) has been prepared which analyzes the ACP and HLB treatment program in accordance with Public Resources Code (PRC), Sections 21000 et seq. The PEIR was certified in December 2014, and is available at <http://www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/peir/>. The PEIR addresses the treatment of the ACP and HLB at the program level and provides guidance on future actions against ACP and HLB. It identifies feasible alternatives and possible mitigation measures to be implemented for individual ACP and HLB treatment activities. The ACP and HLB program has incorporated the mitigation measures and integrated pest management techniques as described in the PEIR. In accordance with PRC Section 21105, this PEIR has been filed with the appropriate local planning agency of all affected cities and counties. No local conditions have been detected which would justify or necessitate preparation of a site-specific plan.

Sensitive Areas

CDFG has consulted with the California Department of Fish and Wildlife's California Natural Diversity Database for threatened or endangered species, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the National Marine Fisheries Service and the California Department of Fish and Wildlife when rare and endangered species are located within the treatment area. Mitigation measures for rare and endangered species will be implemented as needed. The CDFG shall not apply pesticides to bodies of water or undeveloped areas of native vegetation. All treatment shall be applied to residential properties, common areas within residential development, non-agricultural commercial properties, and rights-of-way.

Work Plan

The proposed treatment area encompasses those portions of Orange County which fall within a 400-meter area around the properties on which the causative agent of HLB has been detected, and any subsequent detection sites within the proposed treatment boundaries. Notice of Treatment is valid until May 1, 2020, which is the amount of time necessary to determine that the treatment was successful. A map of the program boundaries is attached. The work plan consists of the following elements:

1. ACP Monitoring. Visual surveys and detection trapping within a 400-meter radius around each HLB detection site will be conducted to monitor post-treatment ACP populations.
2. ACP and HLB Visual Survey. All host plants will be inspected for ACP and for HLB symptoms within a 400-meter radius around each HLB detection site, at least twice a year. ACP and host plant tissue will be collected and forwarded to a USDA accredited laboratory for identification and analysis.
3. HLB Disease testing. All host tree tissues and ACP life stages shall be tested for the presence of HLB.
4. Treatment. All properties with host plants within a 400-meter radius around each HLB detection site shall be treated according to the following protocol to control ACP:
 - a. Tempo® SC Ultra, containing the contact pyrethroid insecticide cyfluthrin, shall be applied by ground-based hydraulic spray equipment to the foliage of host plants for controlling the adults and nymphs of ACP. Treatment may be reapplied up to three times annually if

additional ACP are detected.

- b. Either Merit® 2F or CoreTect™, containing the systemic insecticide imidacloprid, will be applied to the root zone beneath host plants for controlling developing nymphs and providing long term protection against re-infestation. Merit® 2F is applied as a soil drench, while CoreTect™ tablets are inserted two to five inches below the soil surface and watered in to initiate tablet dissolution. CoreTect™ is used in place of Merit® 2F in situations where there are environmental concerns about soil surface runoff of the liquid Merit® 2F formulation, such as host plants growing next to ponds and other environmentally sensitive areas. Treatment may be re-applied once annually if additional ACPs are detected.

Public Information

Residents of affected properties shall be invited to a public meeting where officials from CDFA, the California Department of Pesticide Regulation, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, and the county agricultural commissioner's office shall be present to address residents' questions and concerns.

Residents shall be notified in writing at least 48 hours in advance of any treatment in accordance with the Food and Agricultural Code (FAC), Section 5771 – 5779 and 5421-5436.

After treatment, completion notices are left with the residents detailing precautions to take and post-harvest intervals applicable to the citrus fruit. Treatment information is posted at http://cdfa.ca.gov/plant/acp/treatment_maps.html.

For any questions related to this program, please contact the CDFA toll-free telephone number at 800-491-1899 for assistance. This telephone number is also listed on all treatment notices. Treatment information is posted at http://cdfa.ca.gov/plant/acp/treatment_maps.html.

Press releases, if issued, are prepared by the CDFA information officer and the county agricultural commissioner, in close coordination with the program leader responsible for treatment. Either the county agricultural commissioner or the public information officer serves as the primary contact to the media.

Information concerning the HLB/ACP program will be conveyed directly to local and State political representatives and authorities via letters, emails, and/or faxes.

Findings

HLB and ACP pose a significant and imminent threat to California's natural environment, agriculture, public and private property, and its economy.

The work plan involving chemical control of these pests is necessary to prevent loss and damage to California's natural environment, citrus industry, native wildlife, private and public property, and food supplies.

My decision to adopt findings and take action is based on sections 24.5, 401.5, 403, 407, 408, 5401-5405, and 5761-5764 of the FAC.

Signature on File

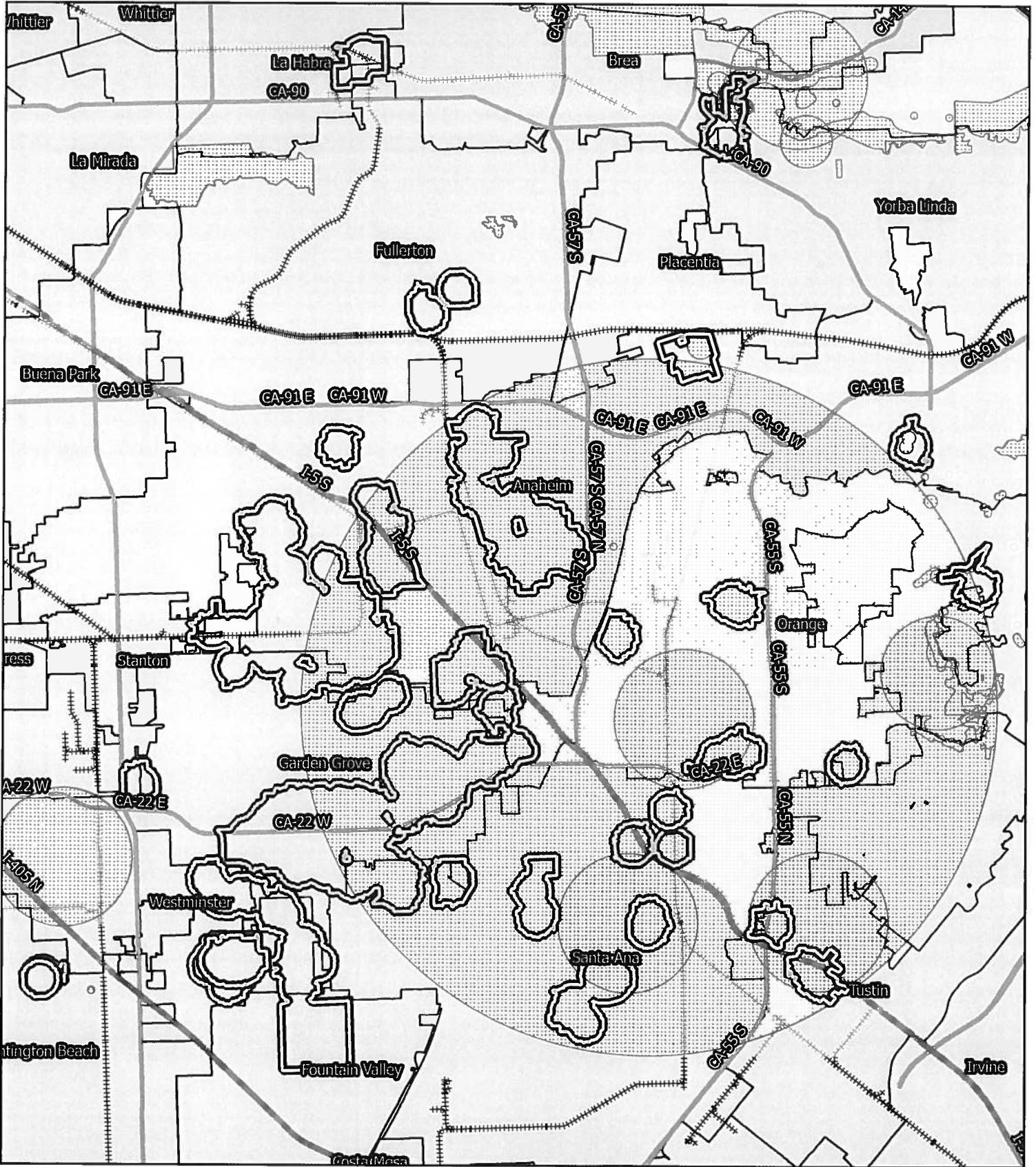
5/16/19

Karen Ross, Secretary

Date

ASIAN CITRUS PSYLLID PROGRAM

Anaheim, Fullerton, Garden Grove, Huntington Beach, La Habra, Orange, Santa Ana, Tustin, Westminster, Yorba Linda, Orange County Amendment 2019



- Existing 400m Treatment Area
- New 400m Treatment Area

- Sensitive Environmental Area/Treatment Mitigations In Place



I. Trapping and Visual Survey

A. Urban and Rural Residential Detection Trapping and Visual Survey

This is a cooperative State/County trapping program for the Asian citrus psyllid (ACP) to provide early detection of an infestation in a county. Traps are serviced by agricultural inspectors. The trap used for ACP detection is the yellow panel trap, which is a cardboard panel coated with stickum on each side. ACP becomes entangled on the sticky surface and cannot move off the trap. Yellow panel traps have proven successful at detecting infestations of ACP. At all locations where traps are placed, the host plant is visually inspected for ACP. If ACP is detected, the host will be visually surveyed for additional ACP and symptoms of huanglongbing (HLB).

- Trap Density: Five to 16 traps/square mile.
- Trap Servicing Interval: Every two to four weeks.
- Trap Relocation and Replacement: Traps should be replaced and relocated every four to eight weeks to another host at least 500 feet away, if other hosts are available.
- Visual surveys and/or tap sampling are conducted once at each trapping site when the trap is placed.

B. Delimitation Trapping and Visual Survey Outside of the Generally Infested Area

The protocols below are the actions in response to the detection of ACP in counties north of Santa Barbara County and the Tehachapi Mountains.

1. Response to the collection one or more ACP

a. Trapping

Density will be 50 traps per square mile in a four-square mile delimitation area centered on the detection site. Traps will be serviced weekly for one month. If no additional ACP are detected, the traps will be serviced monthly for one year past the identification date. Additional detections may increase the size of the delimitation survey area and will restart the one-year clock on the trap servicing requirement.

b. Visual Survey

All find sites and adjacent properties will be visually surveyed for ACP and HLB. Additional sites may be surveyed as part of the risk-based survey.

C. Commercial Grove Trapping

In counties with substantial commercial citrus production and are not generally infested with ACP, traps are placed within the groves at the density of one trap per 40 acres. Traps are replaced every month and submitted for screening.

In areas that are generally infested with ACP, agricultural inspectors visually survey commercial groves for plant tissue displaying symptoms of HLB and collect ACP which are tested for HLB.

D. Transect Survey

If high or scattered ACP populations are found in the initial inspections, a transect survey may be implemented to rapidly determine the extent of the infestation. This involves

Asian Citrus Psyllid/ Huanglongbing Work Plan
December 2018

inspecting a minimum of 20 properties per square mile and/or placing 20 traps per square mile along eight radii in the cardinal directions (e.g., north, northeast, etc.). Transect surveys extend between five and 20 miles beyond a detection site, depending on the situation.

II. Treatment

CDFA's treatment activities for ACP vary throughout the state and depend on multiple factors. Factors CDFA considers prior to treatment include:

- Determination if suppression of ACP is feasible;
- The proximity of the ACP infestation to commercial citrus;
- Whether growers are conducting coordinated treatment activities;
- The level of HLB risk;
- Consistency with the overall goal of protecting the state's commercial citrus production.

Treatment scenarios throughout the state in which treatment will occur:

- In areas with commercial citrus production that are generally infested with ACP, and where all growers are treating on a coordinated schedule; CDFA may conduct residential buffer treatments to suppress ACP populations.
- In areas with commercial citrus production that are not generally infested with ACP; CDFA will conduct residential treatments in response to ACP detections.
- In areas where HLB is detected, CDFA will conduct residential treatments to suppress ACP populations.
- In areas where ACP has not been previously detected, or where ACP has been detected at low densities, CDFA will conduct residential treatments to prevent ACP establishment or suppress populations.
- In areas where ACP has been detected along the California-Mexico border, CDFA will conduct residential treatments in response to ACP detections to suppress ACP populations.

CDFA's current policy is to not conduct treatments in areas that are generally infested if there is limited or no commercial citrus production in the area, or if all growers in the area are not treating.

1. Treatment Protocols

A Program Environmental Impact Report (PEIR) has been certified which analyzes the ACP treatment program in accordance with Public Resources Code, Sections 21000 et seq. The PEIR is available at <http://www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/peir>. The treatment activities described below are consistent with the PEIR.

In accordance with the integrated pest management principles, the CDFA has evaluated possible treatment methods and determined that there are no physical, cultural, or biological control available to eliminate ACP from an area.

In general, when treatment has been deemed appropriate, CDFA applies insecticides to host trees in the residential (urban) areas in a 50 to 800-meter radius around each detection site. Only ACP host plants are treated.

a. Within two miles of International Border with Mexico

Asian Citrus Psyllid/ Huanglongbing Work Plan
December 2018

- CDFA will treat residential citrus host plants within a 400-meter buffer of the border if ACP have been detected within one mile of the border within one year.
- A NOT will be issued.
- A public meeting will be held at least once per year.

b. Within a Generally Infested Area with Commercial Citrus Production

- CDFA will treat residential citrus host plants within a 400-meter buffer surrounding commercial citrus groves if the growers are conducting coordinated treatments in 90 percent of the designated Psyllid Management Area and if ACP have been detected within one mile of the commercial citrus groves within one year.
 - The exception is Imperial County, which has fewer residential properties, and therefore residential citrus host plants will be treated within 800 meters of commercial citrus.
- A NOT will be issued.
- A public meeting will be held at least once per year.

c. Outside of the Generally Infested Area

The actions below are in response to the detection of one or more ACP in counties north of Santa Barbara County and the Tehachapi Mountains.

- Detection of one ACP - All properties with hosts within a 50-meter radius of the detection site will be treated.
- Detection of two or more ACP - All properties with hosts within a 400-meter radius of the detection site will be treated.
- A NOT will be issued.
- A public meeting will be held at least once per year.

The actions below are in response to the detection of two or more ACP in Fresno, Madera, Kern, Kings, and Tulare counties.

- Detection of two or more ACP on one trap or one or more ACP detected on separate traps within 400 meters of each other within a six-month period – All properties with hosts within a 400-meter radius will be treated.
- In a commercial citrus environment, where there are few residences in the area, CDFA will treat the residential area within an 800-meter buffer surrounding commercial citrus groves if the growers are conducting coordinated treatments.
- A NOT will be issued.
- A public meeting will be held at least once per year.

d. In response to an HLB Detection

- All properties within a 400-meter radius of the detection site will be treated.
- A NOT will be issued.
- All host plants found to be infected with HLB shall be destroyed.

Asian Citrus Psyllid/ Huanglongbing Work Plan
December 2018

- Infected host plants shall be removed and destroyed by mechanical means.
- A Proclamation of an Emergency Program (PEP) will be issued.
- A public meeting will be held at least once per year.

2. Treatment Methodology

The treatment protocol consists of both a foliar and a systemic insecticide. The foliar insecticide is used for immediate reduction of the adult population in order to prevent the adults from dispersal. The systemic insecticide is a soil treatment used to kill the sedentary nymphs and provide long term protection against reinfestation. Treatment frequency is dependent on the insecticide applied and severity of the infestation. Treatments will end no later than two years after the last psyllid detection in the treatment area.

CDFA uses registered pesticides and follows the label directions. The treatment protocol may be adjusted to use only the foliar or the systemic insecticide to allow for mitigations in special situations.

a. Foliar Treatment

Tempo® SC Ultra (cyfluthrin) is a pyrethroid contact insecticide. Treatment will initially occur once, and subsequent applications may occur for up to three times annually if additional psyllids are detected. This material will be applied to the foliage of all host plants using hydraulic spray or hand spray equipment.

b. Soil Treatment

A systemic soil application will be made using either Merit® 2F or CoreTect™.

- Merit® 2F (imidacloprid), is a neonicotinoid systemic insecticide. Treatment will initially occur once, and a subsequent application may occur once on an annual basis if additional psyllids are detected. This material will be applied to the soil within the root zone of host plants.
- CoreTect™ (imidacloprid) is a neonicotinoid systemic insecticide. It is used in place of Merit® 2F in situations where there are environmental concerns about soil surface runoff of the liquid Merit® 2F formulation, such as host plants growing next to ponds and other environmentally sensitive areas. Treatment will initially occur once, with a subsequent application once on an annual basis if additional psyllids are detected. This material is a pelletized tablet and is inserted into the soil and watered in within the root zone of host plants.

**INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT
METHODS FOR CONTROL OF THE ASIAN CITRUS PSYLLID AND HUANGLONGBING
May 2018**

The treatment program used by the California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) for control of the Asian citrus psyllid (ACP), *Diaphorina citri* (Hemiptera: Psyllidae), and the disease it transmits, namely Huanglongbing, *Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus*, targets multiple life stages. A contact insecticide is used for an immediate control of ACP adults in order to prevent spread, and a systemic insecticide is used to control developing ACP nymphs and to give the plant long term protection from re-infestation. The contact insecticide preferentially used contains the synthetic pyrethroid cyfluthrin, while the systemic insecticide contains the synthetic neonicotinoid imidacloprid. Both products have been shown to be effective against ACP elsewhere, particularly in Florida. In addition, HLB-infected plants are removed in their entirety and destroyed, in order to remove a reservoir for the disease. The California Huanglongbing Task Force, a joint government, university, and industry group formed in 2007 to provide guidance to the CDFA on matters pertaining to ACP and HLB has endorsed the use of these chemicals in the CDFA's treatment program.

Below is an evaluation of alternative treatment methods to control ACP and HLB which have been considered for treatment programs in California.

A. PHYSICAL CONTROL

Mass Trapping. Mass trapping of adults involves placing a high density of traps in an area in an attempt to physically remove them before they can reproduce. The current available trapping system for ACP relies on short distance visual stimulus, and is not considered effective enough to use in a mass trapping program.

Active Psyllid Removal. Adult ACPs are mobile daytime fliers, and adults could theoretically be netted or collected off of foliage. However, due to their ability to fly when disturbed, and the laborious and time-prohibitive task of collecting minute insects from several properties by hand, it would be highly unlikely that all adults could be captured and removed. Nymphs attach themselves to developing leaves and stems via their proboscis. Therefore, physical removal of the nymphs would entail removal of the growing shoots which will stunt the tree and reduce fruit production. For these reasons, mechanical control is not considered to be an effective alternative.

Host Removal. Removal of host plants for ACP would involve the large-scale destruction of plants and their roots by either physical removal or phytotoxic herbicides. Additionally, host removal could promote dispersal of female psyllids in search of hosts outside of the treatment area, thus spreading the infestation. For these reasons, host removal is considered inefficient and too intrusive to use over the entirety of the treatment areas used for ACP. However, physical host removal of HLB-infected plants in their entirety is used for HLB control, because it is limited in scope to just the infected tree and it is effective at eliminating the disease reservoir, thereby preventing further spread of the disease by ACP.

B. CULTURAL CONTROL

Cultural Control. Cultural controls involve the manipulation of cultivation practices to reduce the prevalence of pest populations. These include crop rotation, using pest-resistant varieties, and intercropping with pest-repellent plants. None of these options are applicable for ACP control in an urban environment, and may only serve to drive the psyllids outside the treatment area, thus spreading the infestation.

C. BIOLOGICAL CONTROL

Microorganisms. No single-celled microorganisms, such as bacteria, are currently available to control ACP.

Nematodes. Entomopathogenic nematodes can be effective for control of some soil-inhabiting insects, but are not effective, nor are they used, against above ground insects such as psyllids.

Parasites and Predators. There have been two parasites released in Florida against ACP, but only one of these are considered somewhat successful there, namely *Tamarixia radiata* (Hymenoptera: Eulophidae). This insect has been released into the environment in southern California. The CDFA is working with the citrus industry to pursue options for incorporating this parasite into treatment programs statewide. In addition, a second wasp has been recently released by the University of California Riverside, *Diaphorencyrtus aligarhensis*.

Sterile Insect Technique (SIT). SIT involves the release of reproductively sterile insects which then mate with the wild population, resulting in the production of infertile eggs. SIT has neither been researched nor developed for ACP, nor has it been developed for any species of psyllids, and is therefore unavailable.

D. CHEMICAL CONTROL

Foliar Treatment. A number of contact insecticides have been researched for use against ACP elsewhere, particularly in Florida. Contact insecticides are more effective against adult ACPs than the sedentary nymphs because adults actively move around on plants, thereby coming into contact with residues, whereas nymphs have to be directly sprayed in order for them to come into contact. The following product has been identified for use by the CDFA, based on a combination of effectiveness against ACP, worker and environmental safety, and California registration status.

Tempo® SC Ultra is a formulation of cyfluthrin which is applied to the foliage of all host plants. Tempo® SC Ultra is a broad-spectrum synthetic pyrethroid insecticide which kills insects on contact. Tempo® SC Ultra has no preharvest interval, which makes it compatible with residential fruit-growing practices.

Soil Treatment. A number of systemic insecticides have been researched for use against ACP elsewhere, particularly in Florida. Systemic insecticides are particularly effective against psyllid nymphs because nymphs spend much of their time feeding, thereby acquiring a lethal dose. The following products have been identified for use by the CDFA, based on a combination of effectiveness against ACP, worker and environmental safety, and California registration status.

Merit® 2F is a formulation of imidacloprid which is applied to the root system of all host plants via a soil drench. Imidacloprid is a synthetic neonicotinoid insecticide which controls a number of other phloem feeding pests such as psyllids, aphids, mealybugs, etc.

CoreTect™ is a formulation of imidacloprid which is applied to the root system of all host plants via insertion of a tablet into the soil, followed by watering. It is used in place of Merit® 2F in situations where there are environmental concerns about soil surface runoff of the liquid Merit® 2F formulation, such as host plants growing next to ponds and other environmentally sensitive areas.

E. RESOURCES

- Grafton-Cardwell, E. E. and M. P. Daugherty. 2013. Asian citrus psyllid and huanglongbing disease. Pest Notes Publication 74155. University of California, Division of Agriculture and Natural Resources Publication 8205. 5 pp.
<http://www.ipm.ucdavis.edu/PDF/PESTNOTES/pnasiancitruspsyllid.pdf>.
- Grafton-Cardwell, E. E., J. G. Morse, N. V. O'Connell, P. A. Phillips, C. E. Kallsen, and D. R. Haviland. 2013. UC IPM Management Guidelines: Citrus. Asian Citrus Psyllid. Pest Notes Publication 74155. University of California, Division of Agriculture and Natural Resources. <http://www.ipm.ucdavis.edu/PMG/r107304411.html>.

PEST PROFILE

Common Name: Asian Citrus Psyllid

Scientific Name: *Diaphorina citri* Kuwayama

Order and Family: Hemiptera, Psyllidae

Description: The Asian citrus psyllid (ACP) is 3 to 4 millimeters long with a brown mottled body. The head is light brown. The wings are broadest in the apical half, mottled, and with a dark brown band extending around the periphery of the outer half of the wing. The insect is covered with a whitish waxy secretion, making it appear dusty. Nymphs are generally yellowish orange in color, with large filaments confined to an apical plate of the abdomen. The eggs are approximately 0.3 millimeters long, elongated, and almond-shaped. Fresh eggs are pale in color, then, turn yellow, and finally orange at the time of hatching. Eggs are placed on plant tissue with the long axis vertical to the surface of the plant.

History: Asian citrus psyllid was first found in the United States in Palm Beach County, Florida, in June 1998 in backyard plantings of orange jasmine. By 2001, it had spread to 31 counties in Florida, with much of the spread due to movement of infested nursery plants. In the spring of 2001, Asian citrus psyllid was accidentally introduced into the Rio Grande Valley, Texas on potted nursery stock from Florida. It was subsequently found in Hawaii in 2006, in Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, and South Carolina in 2008. ACP was first found in California on August 27, 2008 in San Diego County. Subsequent to this initial detection in San Diego County, the ACP has been detected in Fresno, Imperial, Kern, Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Tulare, Ventura, Marin, Monterey, San Francisco, and Santa Clara counties. The ACP has the potential to establish itself throughout California wherever citrus is grown.

Distribution: ACP is found in tropical and subtropical Asia, Afghanistan, Saudi Arabia, Reunion, Mauritius, parts of South and Central America, Mexico, the Caribbean, and in the U.S. (Alabama, Arizona, California, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina, and Texas).

Life Cycle: Eggs are laid on tips of growing shoots; on and between unfurling leaves. Females may lay more than 800 eggs during their lives. Nymphs pass through five instars. The total life cycle requires from 15 to 47 days, depending on environmental factors such as temperature and season. The adults may live for several months. There is no diapause, but populations are low in the winter or during dry periods. There are nine to ten generations a year, with up to 16 noted under observation in field cages.

Hosts and Economic Importance: ACP feeds mainly on *Citrus* spp., at least two species of *Murraya*, and at least three other genera, all in the family Rutaceae. Damage from the psyllids occurs in two ways: the first by drawing out of large amounts of sap from the plant as they feed and, secondly, the psyllids produce copious amounts of honeydew. The honeydew then coats the leaves of the tree, encouraging sooty mold to grow which blocks sunlight to the leaves. However, the most serious damage caused by ACP is due to its ability to effectively vector three phloem-inhabiting bacteria in the genus *Candidatus Liberibacter*, the most widespread being *Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus*. These bacteria cause a disease known as huanglongbing, or citrus greening. In the past, these bacteria have been extremely difficult to detect and

characterize. In recent years, however, DNA probes, electron microscopy, and enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay tests (ELISA) have been developed that have improved detection. Symptoms of huanglongbing include yellow shoots, with mottling and chlorosis of the leaves. The juice of the infected fruit has a bitter taste. Fruit does not color properly, hence the term "greening" is sometimes used in reference to the disease. Huanglongbing is one of the most devastating diseases of citrus in the world. Once infected, there is no cure for disease and infected trees will die within ten years. The once flourishing citrus industry in India is slowly being wiped out by dieback. This dieback has multiple causes, but the major reason is due to HLB.

Host List

SCIENTIFIC NAME

Aegle marmelos
Aeglopsis chevalieri
Afraegle gabonensis
Afraegle paniculata
Amyris madrensis
Atalantia monophylla
Atalantia spp.
Balsamocitrus dawei
Bergia (=Murraya) *koenigii*
Calodendrum capense
X Citroncirus webberi
Choisya arizonica
Choisya ternate
Citropsis articulata
Citropsis gilletiana
Citropsis schweinfurthii
Citrus aurantiifolia

Citrus aurantium

Citrus hystrix
Citrus jambhiri
Citrus limon
Citrus madurensis
 (=X *Citrofortunella microcarpa*)
Citrus maxima
Citrus medica
Citrus meyeri
Citrus × *nobilis*
Citrus × *paradisi*
Citrus reticulata
Citrus sinensis
Citrus spp.
Clausena anisum-olens
Clausena excavata
Clausena indica
Clausena lansium

COMMON NAMES

bael, Bengal quince, golden apple, bela, milva
 Chevalier's aeglopsis
 Gabon powder-flask
 Nigerian powder-flask
 mountain torchwood
 Indian atalantia

 Uganda powder-flask
 curry leaf
 Cape chestnut

 Arizonia orange
 Mexican or mock orange
 Katimboro, Muboro, West African cherry orange
 cherry-orange
 African cherry-orange
 lime, Key lime, Persian lime, lima, limón agrio, limón ceutí, lima mejicana, limero
 sour orange, Seville orange, bigarde, marmalade orange, naranja agria, naranja amarga
 Mauritius papeda, Kaffir lime
 rough lemon, jambhiri-orange, limón rugoso, rugoso
 lemon, limón, limonero
 calamondin

 pummelo, pomelo, shaddock, pompelmous, toronja
 citron, cidra, cidro, toronja
 Meyer lemon, dwarf lemon
 king mandarin, tangor, Florida orange, King-of-Siam
 grapefruit, pomelo, toronja
 mandarin, tangerine, mandarina
 sweet orange, orange, naranja, naranja dulce

anis
 clausena
 clausena
 wampi, wampee

<i>Clymenia polyandra</i>	a-mulis
<i>Eremocitrus glauca</i>	Australian desert lime
<i>Eremocitrus</i> hybrid	
<i>Esenbeckia berlandieri</i>	Berlandier's jopoy
<i>Fortunella crassifolia</i>	Meiwa kumquat
<i>Fortunella margarita</i>	Nagami kumquat, oval kumquat
<i>Fortunella polyandra</i>	Malayan kumquat
<i>Fortunella</i> spp.	
<i>Limonia acidissima</i>	Indian wood apple
<i>Merrillia caloxylon</i>	flowering merrillia
<i>Microcitrus australasica</i>	finger-lime
<i>Microcitrus australis</i>	Australian round-lime
<i>Microcitrus papuana</i>	desert-lime
X <i>Microcitronella</i> spp.	
<i>Murraya</i> spp.	curry leaf, orange-jasmine, Chinese-box, naranjo jazmín
<i>Naringi crenulata</i>	naringi
<i>Pamburus missionis</i>	
<i>Poncirus trifoliata</i>	trifoliolate orange, naranjo trébol
<i>Severinia buxifolia</i>	Chinese box-orange
<i>Swinglea glutinosa</i>	tabog
<i>Tetradium ruticarpum</i>	evodia, wu zhu yu
<i>Toddalia asiatica</i>	orange climber
<i>Triphasia trifolia</i>	trifoliolate limeberry, triphasia
<i>Vepris (=Toddalia) lanceolata</i>	white ironwood
<i>Zanthoxylum fagara</i>	wild lime, lime prickly-ash



USDA United States Department of Agriculture
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

USDA United States Department of Agriculture
Agricultural Research Service

Briefing Paper: Recent changes in the ACP/HLB invasion in California and implications for regional quarantines

Date: 11/22/2017

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State-wide background risk level for HLB

Since 2012, a background risk level for HLB in both residential and commercial citrus in each square mile of interest has been calculated 2-3 times per year using a risk model developed in Florida and adapted for use in California (Gottwald et al., 2014). The model uses a range of risk variables including census data, topography, land use, and known incidence of both HLB and Asian Citrus Psyllid (ACP) to produce a risk value ranging from 0 (extremely low risk) to 1 (very high risk) that applies to each square mile. Figure 1 shows the current risk status across the state at a county level, where the risk level applied to the county is the highest value for any individual square mile within that county

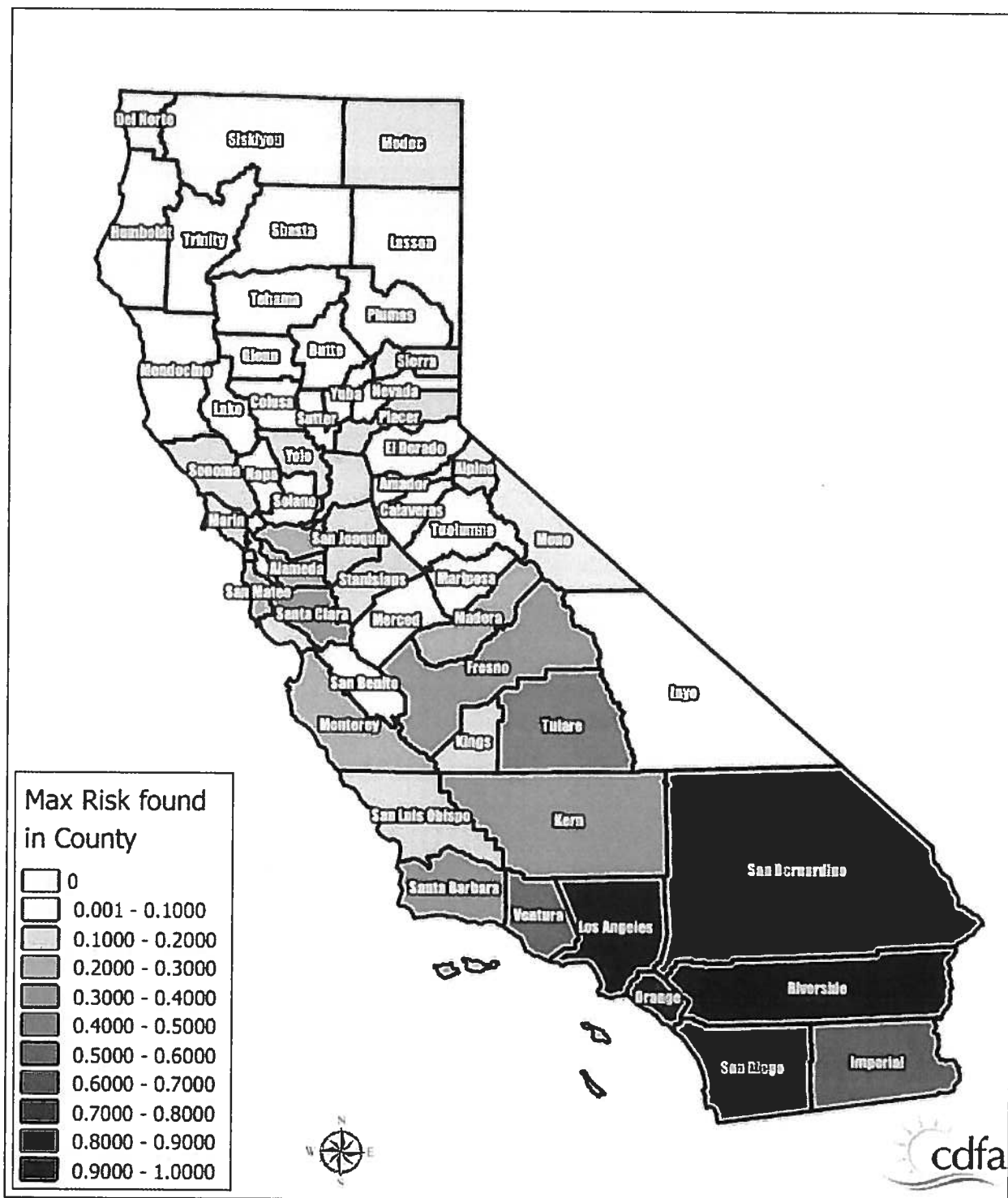


Figure 1. Maximum HLB risk level by county across California as estimated by the USDA-ARS HLB risk model.

In Figure 1 note that the risk level is generally higher in the south than north, because of the known presence of HLB and large ACP population in the southern counties. Note also that in northern California even counties with only a few ACP detections – for example Santa Clara County – may still have

relatively high risk levels because of population census data that indicate the background risk of the presence of infected citrus in private yards is relatively high. To illustrate this point further, Figure 2 shows the San Francisco Bay Area in more detail.

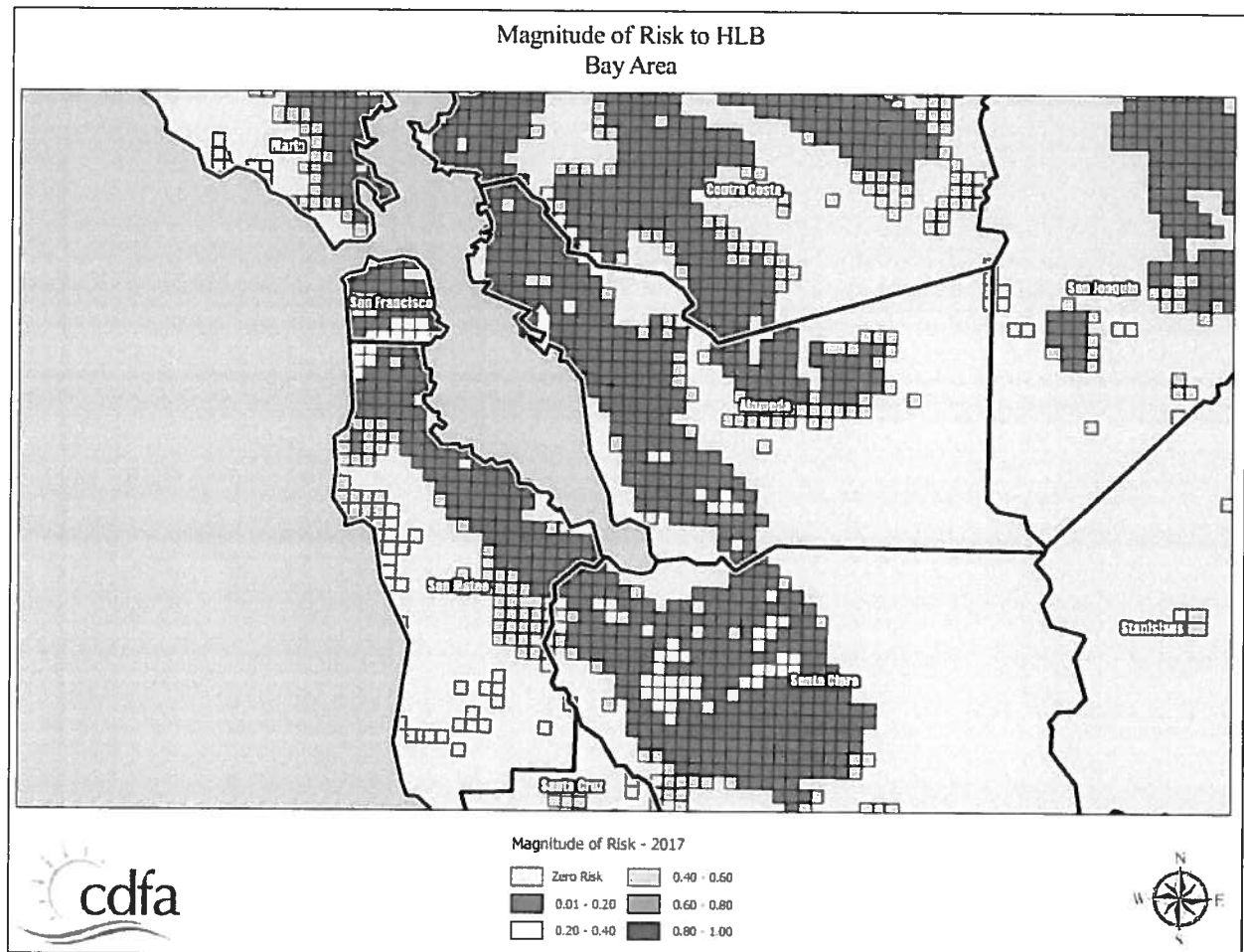


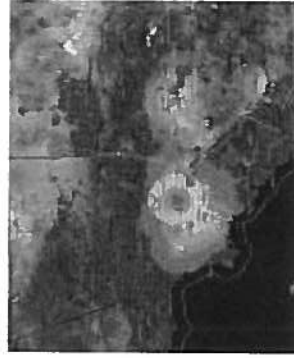
Figure 2. Individual square mile HLB risk levels for the San Francisco Bay Area. Note that the general risk level is low, but there are pockets of moderately high risk in San Francisco itself, and more noticeably in San Jose, associated with population census risk factors; ACP detections in this area is still low and sporadic.

While the background risk of HLB is strongly dependent on factors which are either static (e.g. topography) or change only slowly (e.g. human socio-economic factors) the presence of the ACP vector of the pathogen introduces a large dynamic component into the risk level across the state. To illustrate the impact of the vector population on changing risk status for HLB Figure 3 shows changes in HLB risk for the proposed quarantine areas 5 (San Diego, Imperial and Eastern Riverside) and 6 (LA, Western Riverside, San Bernardino and Orange). The risk level is shown as a blue-to-red heat map with higher risk indicated by darker red color and lower risk indicated by darker blue color; a time series of six periods is shown for each area.

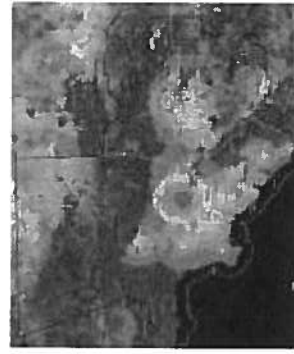
Zone 6, 2012-13



Zone 6, 2013-14



Zone 6, 2014-15



Zone 6, 2015-16



Zone 6, 2016-17



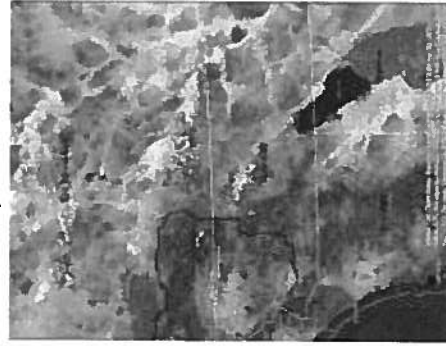
Zone 5, 2012-13



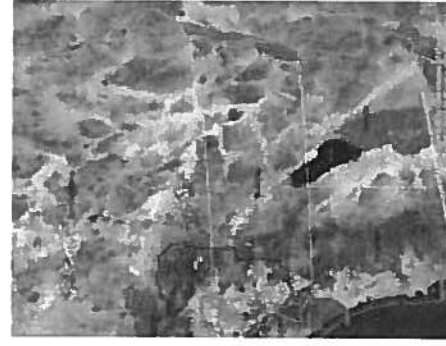
Zone 5, 2013-14



Zone 5, 2014-15



Zone 5, 2015-16



Zone 5, 2016-17



Figure 3. Changes in background risk of HLB in proposed quarantine areas 5 and 6 from 2012 to present. Red color indicates high risk, blue indicates low risk. Note that the location of the early HLB detections in Hacienda Heights and San Gabriel falls inside the single high-risk area predicted in 2012. The progressive increase in risk in both areas is apparent with the passage of time. All known cases of HLB are in proposed Quarantine Area 6.

Figure 3 tells us at least two useful things about HLB risk. First, note that in 2012-13 the only area of predicted high risk was centered on Hacienda Heights and San Gabriel, the locations of the first HLB discoveries in California; in other words, the risk model correctly anticipated the presence of HLB. Also note that the model also highlighted the focus of high risk in the city of Riverside as early as 2013-14; this outbreak emerged in 2017. These results are important for interpreting the presence of areas of elevated risk in places such as San Jose. Second, the pattern of change in risk in both areas 5 and 6 is a steady increase, spreading out from the original high risk area in LA, but also with additional foci developing at locations quite distant from the original focus. These changes are associated mainly with the spread of ACP through the region and the patterns of population density of the insect recorded in the risk-based surveys.

Taken together the results presented in this section highlight two important aspects of HLB risk that are relevant to quarantine regulations:

1. Because HLB-affected citrus plant material can be propagated and spread by human activity, the risk of HLB and ACP are to some extent independent, particularly in areas that are not generally infested with ACP.
2. **The risk of HLB can exist before the arrival of the vector** in an area because HLB-affected plant material is often brought to an area by human activities.

After ACP infests an area with pre-existing infected trees present, the vector population eventually comes into contact with the infected trees and foci of disease begin to build around them. This is because ACP acquires the pathogen from the infected trees and establishes a recurring cycle of infection and acquisition. Because trees remain asymptomatic for a long period of time, spread in the absence of detection and tree removal can occur.

Reducing disease spread by quarantines

The basic principle of underlying the use of quarantines is to restrict the spread of disease by sub-dividing an area into smaller regions and limiting the opportunities for disease to spread from one region to another. In the case of invasive and highly mobile diseases, quarantines should be applied early and rigorously to have the largest effect on disease spread. Importantly, quarantines do not have to be 100% effective to be worth imposing. If the incursion of the disease into generally uninfected areas can be limited to a low rate, and psyllid populations can be kept low, local eradications can be achieved when new incursions are detected.

The basic idea of setting up quarantine regions within the state is an ecological analogue of the idea of constructing a ship using multiple watertight compartments; even if one compartment is flooded, as long as the flow of water is negligible to the other compartments the ship won't sink. In instituting a quarantine policy, the aim is to limit the flow of vectors and disease throughout the state and thus safeguard the industry and homeowners as a whole.

Recent changes in the dynamics of HLB/ACP detections

Until recently, the rate of accumulation of new positive ACP and tree detections had been relatively stable. Over the last 6 months there has been a dramatic increase in the rate of new detections of HLB infections in both ACP and citrus trees. In addition, there has been a recent increase in the number of cities in which positive finds have been reported and a sharp increase in the number of ACP nymph detections. These results are summarized in Figures 4 through 7.

Taken together the results indicate an exponential increase in the intensity of the HLB epidemic at multiple scales. The pathogen is becoming more prevalent in the vector population and in the tree population. At the same time, the upswing in nymphal detections indicates that the transmission rate is increasing and the increase in the number of cities with positive detections indicates that the geographic extent of the epidemic is increasing rapidly.

Most of these changes have become apparent only in the last 6 months. Given the very sharp increase in the intensity of the epidemic, a rapid response is needed to implement additional measures to slow the rate of spread of HLB beyond its current range before the opportunity is lost.

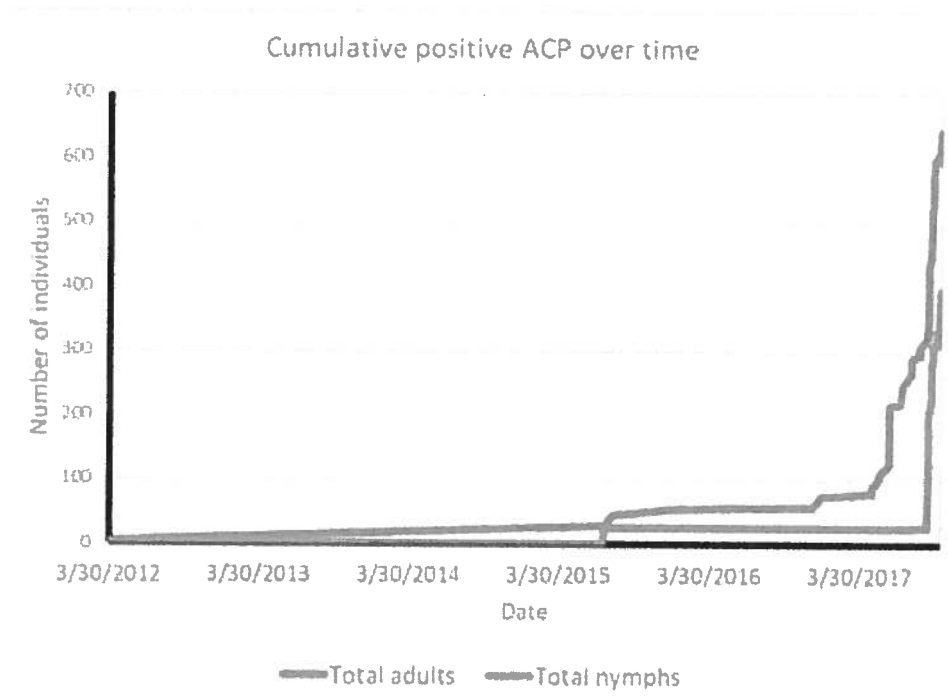


Figure 4: Cumulative counts of PCR-positive ACP samples collected in California over time since 2012. Note the sharp increase in the rate of accumulation from mid-2017 onwards.

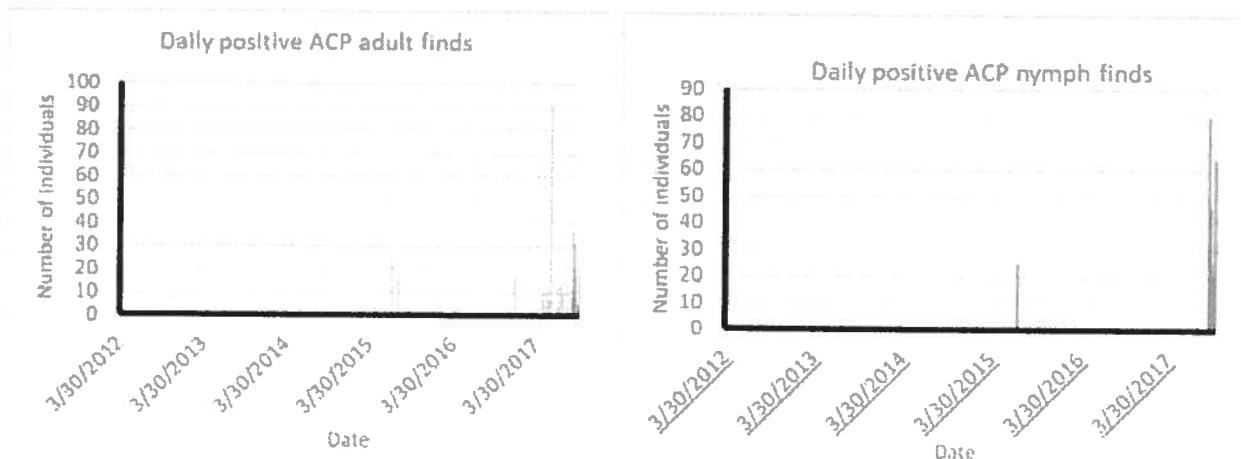


Figure 5: Daily discovery rate for PCR-positive ACP (adults and nymphs are shown separately). Note the sharp increase in finds toward the end of 2017, particularly for nymphs which had largely been absent from positive samples until recent detections.

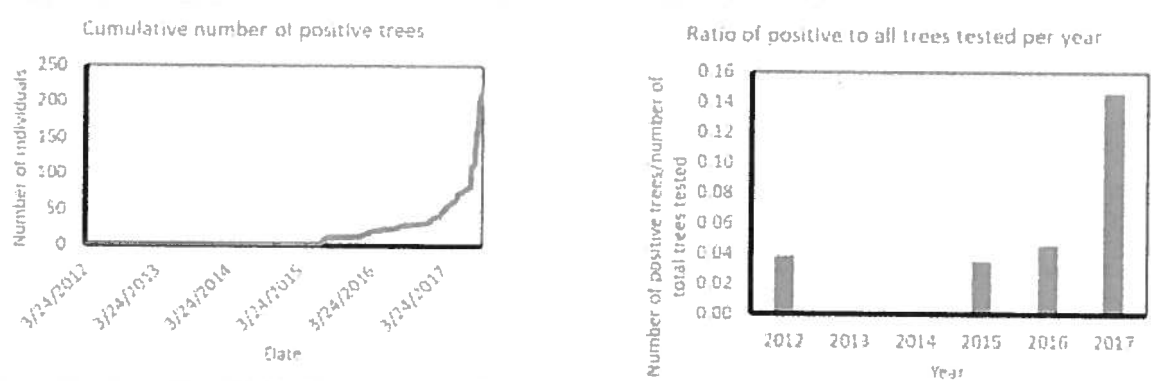


Figure 6: PCR-positive tree detections over time. In the left panel the cumulative number of detections is shown, highlighting the exponential increase in 2017. In the right panel the ratio of positive trees to all trees tested per year is shown. Note that until 2017 the ratio had been more or less stable at approximately 5%, but has nearly tripled in 2017 to just under 15%.

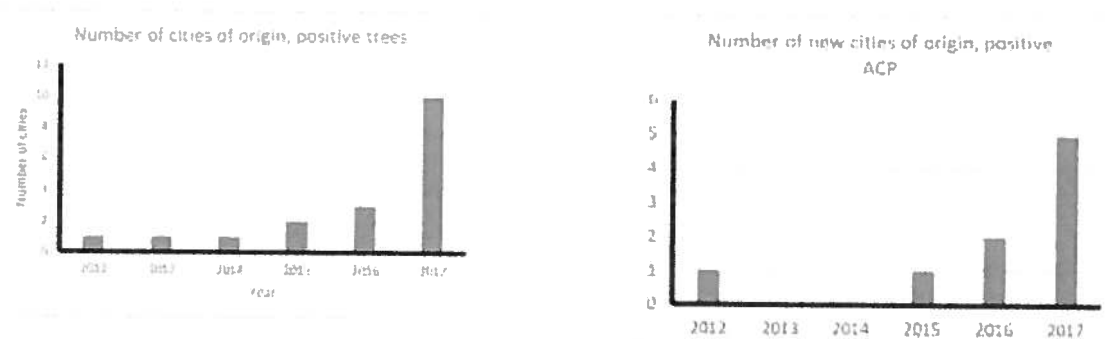


Figure 7: Numbers of cities with PCR-positive ACP detections over time. The left panel shows the cumulative figure, the right panel shows the number of new cities per year. Mirroring the results for trees and for ACP, note the sharp increase in 2017. These results indicate that the epidemic is intensifying across several spatial scales at a very high rate.

Changes in diagnostic results on tested Asian Citrus Psyllids

The previous section detailed the recent sharp increases in PCR detections for ACP and trees. These increases indicate that the pathogen population is growing and this can be seen directly by considering the Ct values in qPCR tests. Results highlighting the increase in the pathogen population are shown here in Figures 8 and 9.

Figure 8 shows the data for qPCR Ct values obtained from psyllid samples collected in different sampling cycles of the survey program. The data are sub-divided into samples obtained from inside and outside the existing HLB quarantine areas. It can be seen that the Ct values obtained from ACP samples inside the quarantine areas are showing a much faster increase in the proportion of low values (CT <32 to 33), indicating an intensification of the pathogen population in the vector population.

The presence of some ACP with low qPCR Ct values outside the existing quarantine areas highlights the risk of ACP moving the disease around and the need for quarantine regulations that apply at a larger scale than the current radius around confirmed HLB-positive trees.

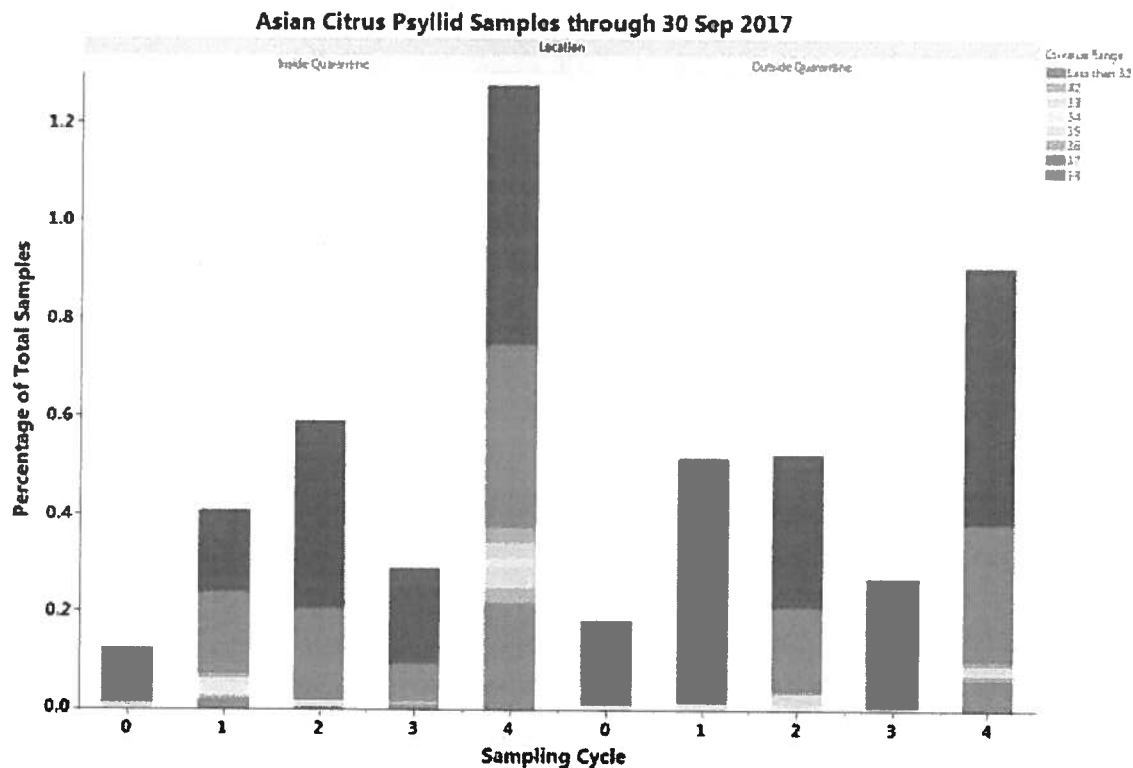


Figure 8: qPCR test results on ACP samples tested by CDFA through 30 September 2017. Note that the proportion of light blue and red (indicating presence of the HLB pathogen) in the samples from inside the quarantine areas (left panel) has increased over time, whereas no corresponding change is apparent in samples outside the quarantine areas (right panel).

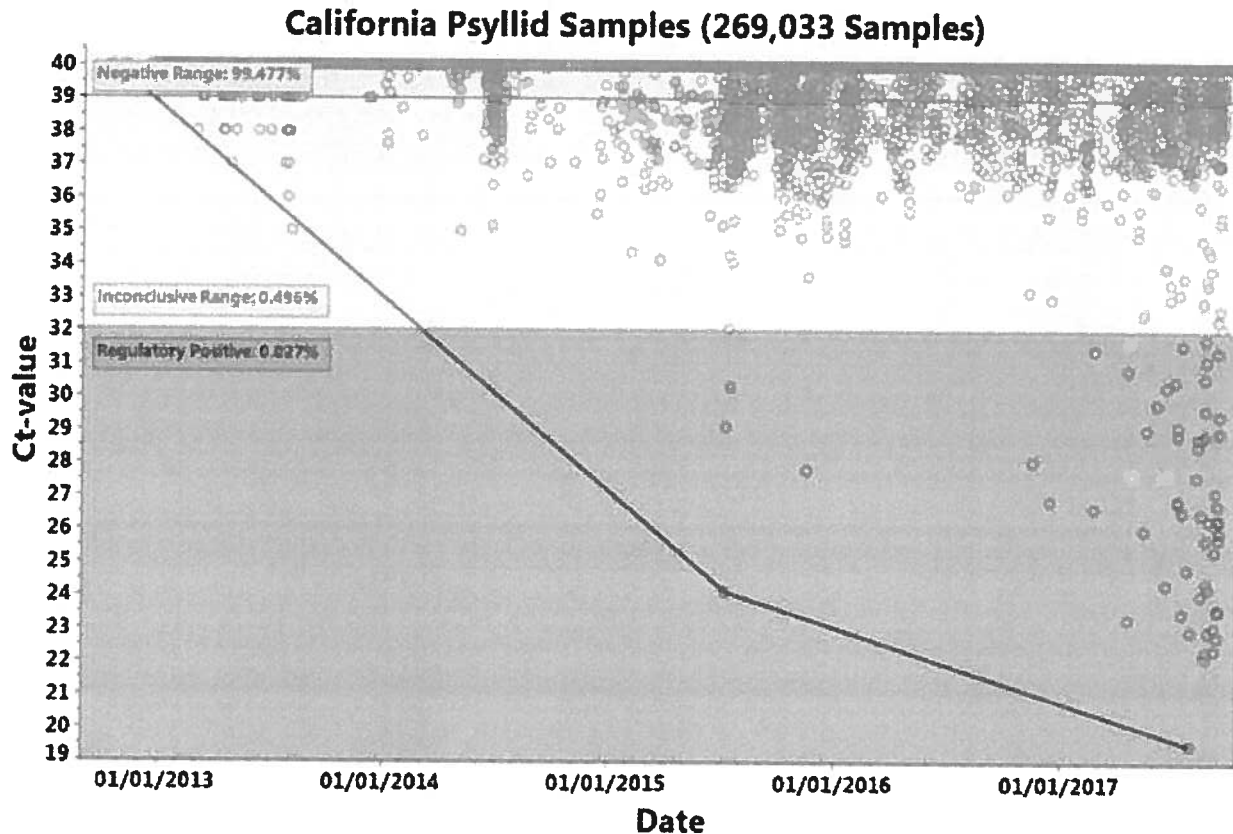


Figure 9: qPCR regulatory results recorded since the detection of HLB in California over time compared to the concentration of the pathogen in the sample (Ct < 32.1= HLB positive (red zone), Ct 32.1-38.9 = suspect (yellow zone), Ct > 38.9=HLB not detected (green zone)). The lower the Ct value, the higher the concentration of the HLB bacterium. Note the trend towards lower Ct values over time and the increase in numbers of HLB positive psyllids starting in 2015 and continuing through 2017 indicating that the titre (concentration) of HLB DNA in the psyllids is increasing.

Implications of changes in the dynamics and recommendations

To summarize the recent changes in the dynamics of HLB/ACP detections in trees and psyllids:

1. The number of HLB positive citrus trees detected has increased exponentially in the last 4 months as compared to the previous 6 years.
2. The number of HLB positive and infectious Asian citrus psyllids has increased exponentially in the last four months as compared to the previous 6 years.
3. These HLB infectious psyllids are spreading to new communities in the LA basin at a significantly escalated rate compared to the previous 6 years.
4. These infectious psyllids can be spread by movement of ACP-host nursery stock, bulk citrus, and other possible carriers of ACP.

Given the above developments in the California HLB epidemic it is of the utmost urgency to further compartmentalize the state using quarantine zones defined by HLB risk to commercial citrus (rather than 5 mile and county wide quarantines). This will help to reduce the potential for spread of HLB to zones where HLB has not been detected in citrus trees, nor has Asian citrus psyllid become established in some cases. The proposal to divide the state into 7 zones for bulk citrus movement and three zones for nursery stock, will serve to restrict the dispersal of HLB and its ACP vectors. Currently all known HLB infected trees are inside a single quarantine zone – zone 6. However, with the exponential escalation of the number of infected ACP and citrus trees requires an immediate regulatory response to restrict spread before the opportunity for such measures to be effective is lost.

Zimbra

GGUSD Pride: Classified Employees of the Year videos, Valedictorians, Eisenhower students take AP exams, and more

From :Garden Grove Unified School District
<pio_department@ggusd.us>

Wed, May 22, 2019 04:40 PM

Subject GGUSD Pride: Classified Employees of the Year videos,
Valedictorians, Eisenhower students take AP exams, and
more

To : meenay@ci.garden-grove.ca.us

Reply To department <pio_department@ggusd.us>

May 22, 2019



#GGUSDPRIDE E-newsletter

The #GGUSD Pride E-newsletter features many of the great things happening in GGUSD.
Send your photos to pio_department@ggusd.us to highlight your school or students in the e-newsletter.

Watch Our GGUSD Classified Employees of the Year Videos



GGUSD has the very best employees! In honor of *Classified School Employees Week*, we created six spotlight videos to showcase our district's nominees for the Orange County Department of Education Classified Employees of the Year program. We are so proud that Maria Mejia, paraeducator from Wakeham Elementary School, was selected as a county finalist and recognized as among the best in Orange County. Thank you to ALL of our classified employees for all you do to support the success of our students, staff, and schools!

[Click here to watch all six Classified Employee of the Year videos!](#)

Congratulations Class of 2019 Valedictorians



At its meeting this week, GGUSD's Board of Education honored an impressive bunch - our 2019 high school valedictorians. Among the group, they have taken hundreds of Advanced Placement courses, earned impressive scholarships, volunteered in their communities, and have been accepted into prestigious universities. They have their sights set on becoming a heart surgeon, neurologist, aerospace engineer, linguist, medical researcher, software start-up founder, congresswoman, among other exciting career fields. Their futures are bright. #GGUSD Pride



Eisenhower's Exciting Send-Off

The entire Eisenhower community came out to cheer on their 18 sixth graders who boarded a bus last week to take the high school Advanced Placement Computer Science A test. They are the first sixth graders in GGUSD to take this rigorous exam. Thank you to Richard Woo and his organization, Cod.ED Education, for believing in the Eisenhower community and students. The entire GGUSD Family is proud of you. Go Eagles!

Gilbert Students Showcase Language Skills

Gilbert Elementary School students in the school's Heritage Language Program recently displayed some beautiful art, performed a Spanish language song, and showcased videos about themselves done entirely in Spanish. Great job by all scholars involved!



GGUSD Board Honors May Employees of the Month



Last night, GGUSD's Board of Education recognized our May Employees of the Month, including Classified Employee and Alamitos Intermediate Attendance Clerk Diana Macias and Certificated Employee and Barker Teacher Andrea Ivcevic.

[Click here to read about our May Employees of the Month!](#)



Eighth Grade Scholarship Winners

Ten GGUSD intermediate students were recognized during the Orange County Department of Education's AVID Eighth Grade Standout Ceremony held last week at Angel Stadium. Two of our students from Bell and Fitz were awarded \$10,000 in college scholarships, a prestigious scholarship awarded to only seven students across all of Orange County.

[Click here](#) for more info.

GGUSD Supports Police Memorial

Last week, the Garden Grove Police Department hosted its annual Call to Duty Memorial and GGUSD was there in full support. Santiago's Virginia Gonzalez sang the National Anthem, Pacifica's JROTC assisted with a rendition of "Olde Glory" and the Bolsa Grande Concert Choir sang two songs. GGUSD administrators and Trustee Teri Rocco attended to show their support for the selfless service of our police officers!



[Click here for more Call to Duty photos.](#)

GGUSD Recognized for Excellence in Arts



GGUSD Superintendent Gabriela Mafi received an Arts Leadership Award at the 2019 Orange County Music & Arts Educators Awards Ceremony hosted by the Orange County Department of Education at Segerstrom Center for the Arts on May 9. The award recognizes Dr. Mafi for exceptional leadership and support of art programs, which have flourished under her leadership.

GGUSD teacher Lori Adams from Post Elementary School was recognized among the county's 2019 Outstanding Arts Educators, and was the only elementary teacher to receive a special award for excellence in Visual Arts instruction. Adams is one of the 24 GGUSD elementary teachers on the district's Visual Arts Learning Team, a group of teachers learning about delivering high quality art instruction in the elementary classroom. A 23-year veteran teacher, Adams teaches fourth grade and interweaves visual art instruction into her classroom and teaches an after-school art class to provide more students with an opportunity to express their creativity.

[Click here to read more!](#)

Registration is Open for Preschool



Registration is now open for Garden Grove Unified School District's high quality preschool programs. Enroll today for the 2019-2020 school year for one of the following preschool programs:

- Free half-day state preschool program for income-eligible families (offered at several campuses across GGUSD)
- Brand new affordable full-day preschool at the Skylark Campus (offered at 11250 Mac Murray St., Garden Grove)

The new Skylark fee-based Preschool will have highly-trained credentialed teachers who provide students with a warm and caring preschool experience. The preschool will offer enrichment activities in dual language, technology, science, engineering, arts, math, and more. The full-day, fee-based program will provide the same exceptional educational curriculum offered in our half-day state preschool program, with opportunities for before and after school care.

Children born between 12/3/2014 and 12/1/2016 are age eligible for our program. Space is limited for our 3-year-old classes for students born between 12/3/2015 and 09/1/2016.

Visit <https://ccfc.ggusd.us> for the registration packets or call 714-663-6298 for more information.

[Click Here for More Information!](#)

**Garden Grove Unified School
District**

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Garden Grove, CA 92840
Phone: (714) 663-6000
www.ggusd.us
webmaster@ggusd.us



Garden Grove Unified School District | 10331 Stanford Avenue, Garden Grove, CA 92840

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**SOCIAL MEDIA
HIGHLIGHTS**









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Review the lifetime performance of the messages you sent during the publishing period.

Profile	Message by Sent Date ▼	Reactions	Comments	% Users Engaged	Average Users Engaged per Post	Organic Impressions	Average Reach per Post	Likes	Shares
	 <p>The community is invited to attend a unique event that celebrates diversity through</p> <p>f Post on Wed 5/22/2019 1:43 pm PDT</p>	76	15	11%	233	3,090	2,118	51	6
	 <p>On Tuesday, May 14, 2019, over 50 Garden Grove residents were recognized at the 7th</p> <p>f Post on Tue 5/21/2019 5:43 pm PDT</p>	53	1	10.4%	116	1,665	1,115	47	1
	 <p>f Post on Tue 5/21/2019 5:43 pm PDT</p>	53	1	10.4%	116	1,665	1,115	47	1
	 <p>f Post on Tue 5/21/2019 5:41 pm PDT</p>	29	2	9.4%	100	1,503	1,061	26	1






Sent Messages

Review the lifetime performance of the messages you sent during the publishing period.

Profile	Message by Sent Date ▼	Reactions	Comments	% Users Engaged	Average Users Engaged per Post	Organic Impressions	Average Reach per Post	Likes	Shares
	 <p>The City would like to give a shout out to Pho 79, located at 9941 Hazard Avenue, for</p> <p>f Post on Tue 5/21/2019 2:08 pm PDT</p>	39	1	8.2%	103	1,778	1,251	39	3
	 <p>Congratulations to the Garden Grove Unified School District receiving an Arts Leadership</p> <p>f Post on Fri 5/17/2019 1:03 pm PDT</p>	11	1	5.3%	67	1,761	1,262	11	0
	 <p>Come celebrate the Garden Grove Strawberry Festival's 61st Anniversary from Friday, May 2</p> <p>f Post on Fri 5/17/2019 11:47 am PDT</p>	48	2	5.8%	98	2,390	1,691	43	7
	 <p>f Post on Thu 5/16/2019 3:29 pm PDT</p>	0	0	1.3%	10	1,069	753	0	0





Sent Messages

Review the lifetime performance of the messages you sent during the publishing period.

Profile	Message by Sent Date ▾	Reactions	Comments	% Users Engaged	Average Users Engaged per Post	Organic Impressions	Average Reach per Post	Likes	Shares
	<p>Garden Grove Police Department Surrounding #GardenGrove residents, please note the noise level as Garden Gro</p> <p> Post on Thu 5/16/2019 1:39 pm PDT</p>	5	0	4.5%	43	1,358	961	5	2
	<p> It's Infrastructure Week 2019! Let's #BuildForTomorrow! Learn more by visiting,</p> <p> Post on Thu 5/16/2019 10:10 am PDT</p>	1	0	0.6%	3	736	522	1	0








Sent Messages

Review the lifetime performance of the messages you sent during the publishing period.

Profile	Message by Sent Date ▼	Reactions	Comments	% Users Engaged	Average Users Engaged per Post	Organic Impressions	Average Reach per Post	Likes	Shares
	 <p>We are pleased to announce Patricia Flinn as #GardenGrove Police Department's new</p> <p>f Post on Wed 5/22/2019 12:31 pm PDT</p>	279	61	17.5%	522	4,647	2,988	229	2
	 <p>f Post on Tue 5/21/2019 7:00 pm PDT</p>	476	202	16.6%	4,837	47,712	29,235	144	269
	 <p>f Post on Tue 5/21/2019 6:37 pm PDT</p>	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
	 <p>f Post on Mon 5/20/2019 5:05 pm PDT</p>	85	28	16%	1,108	10,413	6,935	34	45

Sent Messages

Review the lifetime performance of the messages you sent during the publishing period.

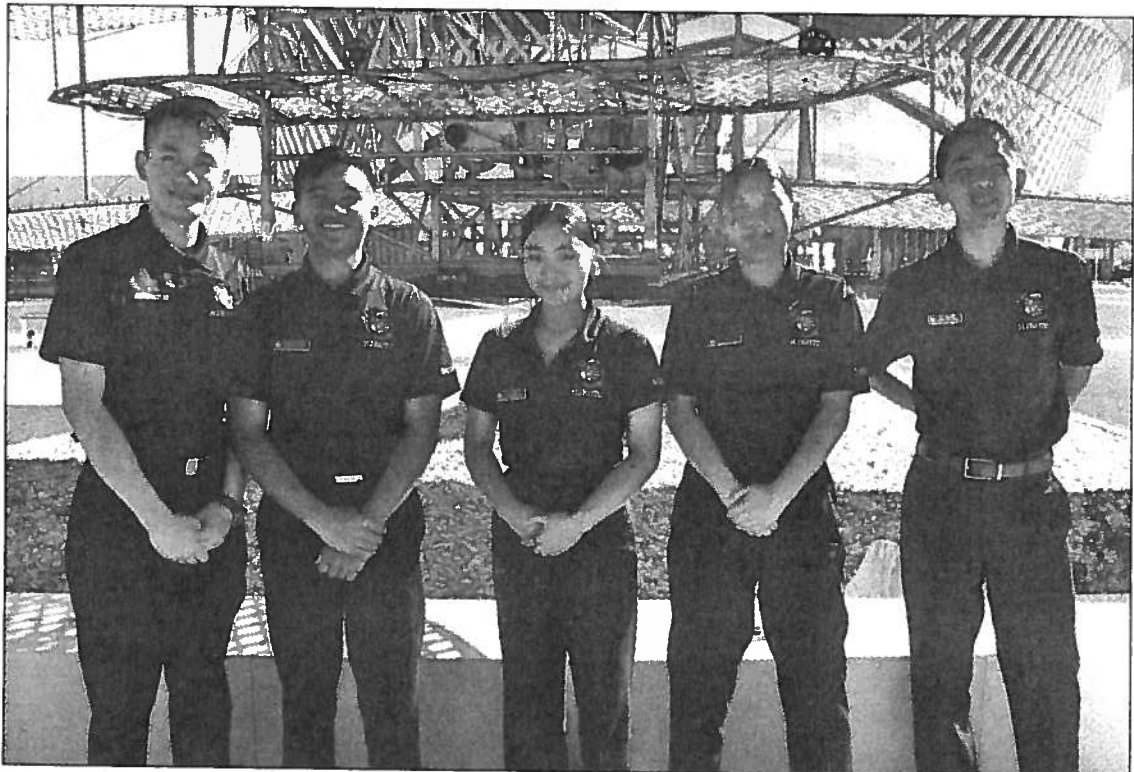
Profile	Message by Sent Date ▼	Potential Reach	Responses	Clicks	Organic Impressions	Likes	Retweets	Replies
	 <p>Tweet on Wed 5/22/2019 4:12 pm PDT</p> <p>Tonight's (5/22) community meeting at Woodbury Park, located at 13800 Rosifita Place,</p>	3,053	0	19	328	1	0	0
	 <p>Tweet on Wed 5/22/2019 1:48 pm PDT</p> <p>The community is invited to attend a unique event that celebrates diversity through Show Retweeted by</p>	11,575	1	0	360	2	1	0
	 <p>Tweet on Tue 5/21/2019 2:13 pm PDT</p> <p>The City would like to give a shout out to Pho 79, at 9941 Hazard Ave, for winning the</p>	3,053	0	0	511	6	0	0
	 <p>Tweet on Fri 5/17/2019 10:34 am PDT</p> <p>Save the date! Visit bit.ly/2YyTt1S for more information. #GG1956</p>	3,049	0	19	712	0	0	0

WEEKLY MEMO 5-23-19

NEWS ARTICLES

OC News
May 22, 2019

Cadets excel in 'Brain Brawl'



Courtesy photo

A five-member team of NJROTC cadets from Pacifica High School in Garden Grove recently scored near the top in the National Annual Brain Brawl Championship, held this year at Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University in Daytona Beach, FL. The Pacifica squad outscored powerhouse teams from 47 other states, placing 7th nationally. The Brain Brawl is an academic competition similar to the TV game show "Jeopardy," where cadets are asked questions from the Naval Science Curriculum, current events, entertainment and sports. From left, are cadets Andre Nguyen, Nick Bungcayao, Lucia Le, Casey Li and Freshman Kane Li.

City Council knotted on Gay Pride flag

Officials, residents have mixed views on proposal to fly flag during Gay Pride Month

By Brady Rhoades

City Councilwoman Kim Nguyen's effort to get a Gay Pride flag flown at City Hall to commemorate Gay Pride Month in June appears to have fizzled.

Last week, the City Council deadlocked on the proposal. Nguyen, Mayor Steven Jones and Councilwoman Thu-Ha Nguyen supported it; council members Phat Bui, John O'Neill and George B. Brietigam were opposed. Councilwoman Stephanie Klopfenstein was absent because of illness.

The proposal was to fly a rainbow flag over City Hall or in the City Hall lobby, with other flags.

Nine speakers at the May 14 meeting supported flying the flag. Two spoke against. Others wrote letters to Nguyen and the City Council expressing their opinions.

see FLAG, page 2

OC News
May 22, 2019

FLAG:

Continued from page 1

"I have no problem with flying the Gay Pride flag on city property," said resident Leland R. Sisk. "I am for equality."

Sisk also bristled at suggestions that if a Gay Pride flag is flown at City Hall, it opens the door to flying other flags, such as the Confederate flag.

"As a native son of North Carolina, I can tell you first-hand that the Confederate 'Stars and Bars' is nothing more nor less than a symbol of hatred and bigotry and is the flag of losers. Also, as a

Vietnam vet, I served to protect the rights of everyone, not just straight white men," Sisk said.

Opponents say flying a flag to recognize one group puts the city at risk of legal complaints. Also, they say, it's a slippery slope. What happens when other groups come forward and ask that their flags be flown?

"All Americans already live under the greatest flag to ever fly anywhere on this planet," said resident Tony Flores, in a letter to the council. "It's inclusive of everyone and (at least for now) we are still

one nation, under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all."

Other cities in Orange County, such as Costa Mesa, are grappling with the same issue.

The month of June was chosen for LGBT Pride Month to commemorate the Stonewall riots, which occurred at the end of June 1969. As a result, many pride events are held during this month to recognize the impact LGBT people have had in the world.

The Stonewall rebellion was a series of spontaneous, violent demonstrations by members of the gay community against a police raid that took place in the early morning hours of

"I have no problem with flying the Gay Pride flag on city property. I am for equality" — Leland R. Sisk

June 28, 1969, at the Stonewall Inn in the Greenwich Village neighborhood of Manhattan, New York City. They are widely considered to constitute the most important event leading to the gay liberation movement.

Two Presidents of the United States have officially declared a Pride Month. First, President Bill Clinton declared June "Gay & Lesbian Pride Month" in 1999 and 2000. Then from 2009 to 2016, each year he was in office, President Barack Obama declared June LGBT Pride Month.

Festival starts Friday!



File photo by Dave Smithson

It's almost here! The Garden Grove Strawberry Festival, which annually draws hundreds of thousands, is two days away. The festival will be held on Friday, May 24 through Monday, May 27 at the Village Green between Main Street and Euclid Avenue in downtown Garden Grove. The weekend features a parade, a festival, vendor booths, including food (get your strawberry shortcake), rides, games and more. Here, locals get ready for the parade on Euclid Street last year. For more information, visit www.strawberryfestival.org. For story, see page 5.

Festival features parade, music, rides

The biggest event of the year in GG starts on Friday morning

OC News
May 22, 2019
2 of 4

Families, adults and kids of all ages will find fun-filled attractions and entertainment at the 61st annual Garden Grove Strawberry Festival. The four-day Memorial Day weekend event—held May 24 through 27,— features thrilling rides, exciting games and live entertainment.

The festival draws nearly 300,000 fun-seekers every year, with many eager to show off their bravery on exhilarating rides like the Mega FLIP, Turbo, Vertigo, Quasar, Himalaya, Giant Pole Position Coaster, Giant Wheel, Wave Swinger, 1001 Nights, Grand Carousel and Orbiter.

Those who want a gentler experience can board any of the nine major rides such as the Tilt-A-Whirl, Starship 3000, Kite Flyer, Eagle 16, Wacky Worm, Mardi-Gras, Scrambler, Zombie Carnival and the Giant Slide.

And 15 more rides are perfect for little kids: Dizzy Dragon, Pirate Jet, Frog Hopper, Looney Tooter Train, Chopper Hopper, Lolli Swing, Firehouse, Tom Kangaroo, Wet Boats, Jungle of Fun, Wacky Tracks, Quad Runner and Jet Ski.

Special one-price ride-all-day wristbands will be offered for all festival days at \$30 per wristband on Friday and \$35 each on Saturday, Sunday and Monday. Tickets for individual rides can also be purchased separately at \$1 per ticket.

Local civic groups and non-profit organizations—including athletic booster clubs, Boy and Girl Scout troops, churches and schools—will be setting up game booths to raise money. They will challenge players' skills with a wide range of toss games.

Friday afternoon in the amphitheater the festival will hold its annual Tiny Tots King and Queen Contest. The cute little

crowned winners will be honored with a ride in the Saturday morning parade. In the afternoon following the parade this venue will host the famous Ochoa Boyz Band which has been touring across America, performing at hundreds of concerts.

In addition to writing and co-producing their own music and music videos, they are all working actors on television and the big screen. Ryan Ochoa was featured in the hit shows Nickelodeon's *iCarly* and Disney XD's *Pair of Kings*. Raymond Ochoa voices Arlo in Disney/Pixar's movie, *The Good Dinosaur*, and Robert Ochoa is in the latest season of *Shameless* on HBO.

The Amphitheater is also where festival-goers can find the Berry, Berry Beautiful Baby Contest, the Redhead Roundup and the Strawberry Idol Karaoke Contest, as well as a performance by the Foundations Dance Company.

The line-up of live entertainment performing on the Showmobile stage features local top performers such as Frenzy, a "Metro-Retro" band playing renditions of hits from the 60's to the present, plus The Rockin' Neptunes, who recapture old and new Rock 'n Roll and country music. Festival-goers can dance to the bluesy tunes of Dudes Got Blues and The 3rd Degree Band, then enjoy the Takes 3 Band, who will be playing everything from pop to rock to country. Full Spectrum Band, a classy, high-energy ensemble, will be putting out jazz, swing, blues, classic rock, R&B, plus current Top 40 and hip hop.

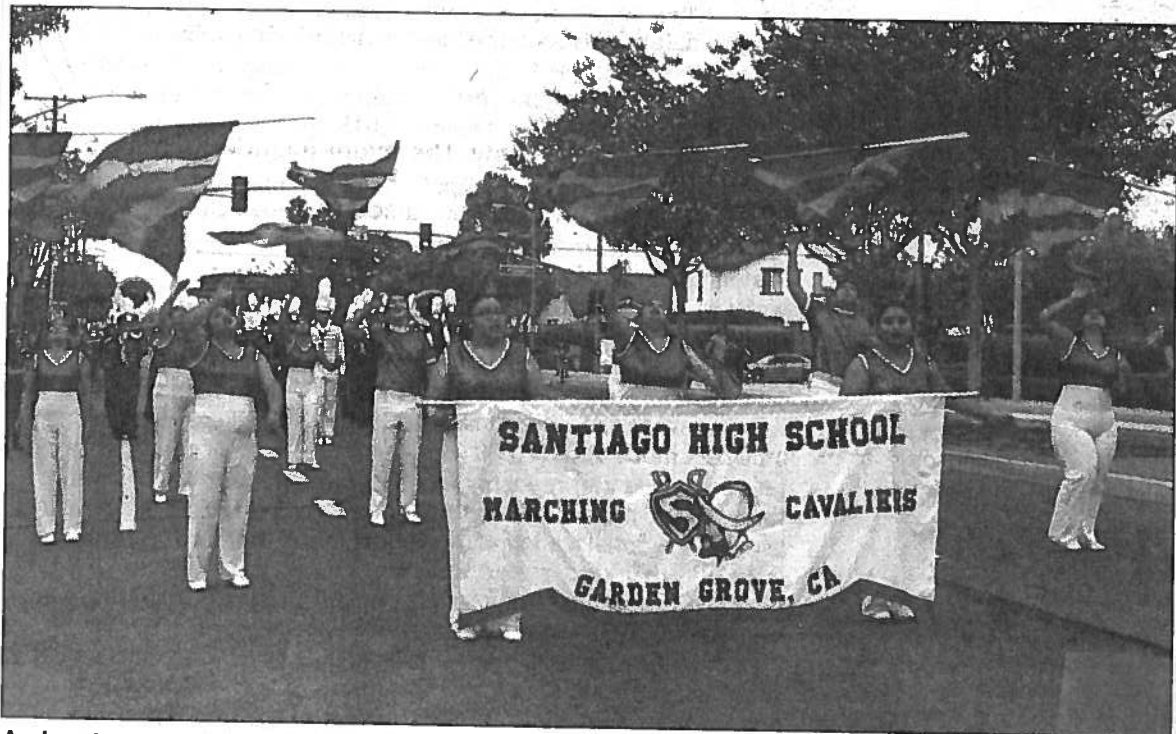
A full list of events and times is available at www.strawberry-festival.org

For more information, call 714-638-0981 or visit www.strawberryfestival.org.



Strawberry shortcake, anyone?

File photos by Dave Smithson



A shout-out to Santiago High!



OC News
May 22, 2019
4 of 4

A full day at the Garden Grove Strawberry Festival wore this little guy out. This year's festival will be May 24-27.



The Strawberry Festival is certainly something to blow your horn about.

OC News
May 22, 2019

City of Garden Grove

Notice Inviting Sealed
Bids (IFB)

Project No. S-1255

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received at the office of the Purchasing Agent for the City of Garden Grove, Room 220, 11222 Acacia Parkway, Garden Grove, CA 92840 to Provide all Materials, Labor, and Equipment for the Installation of Wall Attached Telescoping Bleachers in the gymnasium at the Garden Grove Sports and Recreation Center. A copy of the bid document may be obtained from the City of Garden Grove's website. Contractors interested in submitting a bid for this project are required to attend a MANDATORY pre-bid meeting/site walk scheduled for **10:00 a.m., local time, on Thursday, June 6, 2019**, at Garden Grove Sports and Recreation Center located at 13641 Deodara Avenue, Garden Grove, CA. Please direct any questions regarding this bid process to Sandra Segawa via email sandras@ggcity.org. Bids are due and will be opened in the office of the Purchasing Manager at **10:00 a.m., local time, on Monday, June 24, 2019**. Bids received after that exact time will not be considered.

Dated: May 22, 2019

Sandra Segawa, C.P.M.,
CPPB

City of Garden Grove

Request for Proposals
(RFP)

RFP No. S-1254

Legals-OCN

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Purchasing Agent for the City of Garden Grove, second floor, Room 220, 11222 Acacia Parkway, Garden Grove, CA 92840. Provide Municipal Parking Citation Processing, Payment and Adjudication Service for the City of Garden Grove. Those companies interested in submitting a proposal for this project are invited to attend a mandatory pre-proposal meeting scheduled for **1:30 p.m., local time, on Monday, June 3, 2019**, at the Garden Grove Municipal Service Center, Training Room, located at 13802 Newhope Street, Garden Grove, CA. A copy of the RFP document may be obtained from the City of Garden Grove's website. Questions can be directed to Sandra Segawa at sandras@ggcity.org. Proposals are due in the office of the Purchasing Division Manager no later than **10:00 a.m. on June 24, 2019**. Proposals received after that exact time will not be considered.

Dated: May 22, 2019

Sandy Segawa, C.P.M.,
CPPB
Purchasing Division Manager
City of Garden Grove
11222 Acacia Parkway
Garden Grove, CA 92840
**Orange County News-
5/22,29/2019- 81923**

OC News
May 22, 2019

GARDEN GROVE CITY COUNCIL

RESOLUTION NO. 9553-19

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE PURSUANT TO THE LANDSCAPING AND LIGHTING ACT OF 1972 (SECTIONS 22500 ET SEQ. OF THE CALIFORNIA STREETS AND HIGHWAYS CODE) DECLARING ITS INTENTION TO LEVY AND COLLECT ASSESSMENTS WITHIN THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE STREET LIGHTING DISTRICT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019-20 AND SETTING A TIME AND PLACE FOR A PUBLIC HEARING ON THE LEVY OF THE PROPOSED ASSESSMENTS

The City Council of the City of Garden Grove adopted Resolution No. 9549-19 initiating proceedings to levy annual assessments for Fiscal Year 2019-20 within the City of Garden Grove Street Lighting District describing the proposed improvements and ordering the City Engineer to prepare and file a report, pursuant to the provisions of the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972, i.e., Division 15, Part 2 (commencing with Section 22500) of the California Streets and Highways Code (herein "Act").

The City Engineer has prepared the report, filed same with the City Clerk and presented same to the City Council, with the City Council examining and approving the report.

Under the Act, before levying and collecting assessments in the Assessment District, the City Council is required to adopt a Resolution declaring its intention to do so.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE RESOLVES, DETERMINES, AND ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The City Council hereby finds and declares that the public interest and necessity require the installation, maintenance, and servicing of public lighting facilities in the streets of the city as hereinafter described, and the City Council hereby declares its intention to levy and collect assessments for Fiscal Year 2019-20 covering the real property benefited by the improvements, pursuant to the Act.

SECTION 2. The proposed improvements are generally described as follows:

The maintenance and operation of streets and sidewalks throughout the city, namely the installation, maintenance, and servicing of public street lighting facilities including traffic signals.

SECTION 3. The Assessment District is designated as the "City of Garden Grove Street Lighting District." The boundaries of the District are generally coterminous with the boundaries of the city of Garden Grove, and generally include all parcels within the city.

SECTION 4. Reference is hereby made to the City Engineer's report, on file with the City Clerk, for a full and detailed description of the improvements, the boundaries of the Assessment District and any zones therein, and the proposed assessments upon assessable lots and parcels of land within the Assessment District.

SECTION 5. An assessment will be levied pursuant to the Act upon all property in the City of Garden Grove Street Lighting District for Fiscal Year 2019-20, subject to assessment under the Act, as described in the City Engineer's report. No assessment shall be imposed upon a federal or state governmental agency or another local agency. The rates of the assessment to be levied for Fiscal Year 2019-20 are not proposed to increase from the rate levied in Fiscal Year 2018-19.

SECTION 6. Notice is hereby given that June 11, 2019 at 6:30 p.m. (or as soon thereafter as the City Council may hear same), in the Community Meeting Center, 11300 Stanford Avenue, Garden Grove, California, is hereby fixed as the time and place for a Public Hearing on the question of the levy of the proposed assessments. Any interested person may file a written protest with the City Clerk, stating all grounds of objection. Protests by property owners must contain a description of the property in which each signer thereof is interested, sufficient to identify the same, and must be delivered to the City Clerk prior to the conclusion of the hearing. In addition, all interested persons shall be afforded the opportunity to hear and be heard at the Public Hearing. The City Council shall consider all oral statements and all written protests or communications made or filed by any interested person.

SECTION 7. The City Clerk shall cause this Resolution of Intention to be published once in a newspaper of general circulation in the city of Garden Grove, California, with the publication being not less than ten (10) days prior to the date herein fixed for the Public Hearing.

Adopted this 14th day of May 2019.

ATTEST:
/s/ STEVEN R. JONES
MAYOR
/s/ TERESA POMEROY, CMC
CITY CLERK

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
COUNTY OF ORANGE) SS:
CITY OF GARDEN GROVE)

I, TERESA POMEROY, City Clerk of the City of Garden Grove, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was duly adopted by the City Council of the City of Garden Grove, California, at a meeting held on May 14, 2019, by the following vote:

AYES: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (7) BRIETIGAM, O'NEILL, NGUYEN T., BUI
KLOPFENSTEIN, NGUYEN K., JONES
NOES: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (0) NONE
ABSENT: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (0) NONE

OC News
May 22, 2019

GARDEN GROVE CITY COUNCIL

RESOLUTION NO. 9554-19

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE PURSUANT TO THE LANDSCAPING AND LIGHTING ACT OF 1972 (SECTIONS 22500 ET SEQ. OF THE CALIFORNIA STREETS AND HIGHWAYS CODE) DECLARING ITS INTENTION TO LEVY AND COLLECT ASSESSMENTS WITHIN THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE STREET LIGHTING DISTRICT NO. 99-1 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019-20 AND SETTING A TIME AND PLACE FOR A PUBLIC HEARING ON THE LEVY OF THE PROPOSED ASSESSMENTS

The City Council of the City of Garden Grove adopted Resolution No. 9550-19, initiating proceedings to levy annual assessments for Fiscal Year 2019-20 within the City of Garden Grove Street Lighting District No. 99-1 describing the proposed improvements and ordering the City Engineer to prepare and file a report, pursuant to the provisions of the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972, i.e., Division 15, Part 2 (commencing with Section 22500) of the California Streets and Highways Code (herein "Act").

The City Engineer has prepared the report, filed same with the City Clerk and presented same to the City Council, with the City Council examining and approving the report.

Under the Act, before levying and collecting assessments in the Assessment District the City Council is required to adopt a Resolution declaring its intention to do so.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE RESOLVES, DETERMINES, AND ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The City Council hereby finds and declares that the public interest and necessity require the maintenance and servicing of public lighting facilities as herein-after described, and the City Council hereby declares its intention to levy and collect assessments for Fiscal Year 2019-20 covering the real property benefited by the improvements, pursuant to the Act.

SECTION 2. The proposed improvements for Fiscal Year 2019-20 are generally described as the maintenance and servicing of public street lighting within the Assessment District.

SECTION 3. The Assessment District is designated as the "City of Garden Grove Street Lighting District No. 99-1." This District consists of the following areas: the first involving an area easterly of Dale Street between Lampson Avenue and Chapman Avenue and an area west of Fairview Street approximately 900 feet south of Trask Avenue, the second involving an area on Gall Lane north of Chapman Avenue.

SECTION 4. Reference is hereby made to the City Engineer's report, on file with the City Clerk, for a full and detailed description of the improvements, the boundaries of the Assessment District and any zones therein, and the proposed assessments upon assessable lots and parcels of land within the Assessment District.

SECTION 5. An assessment will be levied pursuant to the Act upon all property in the City of Garden Grove Street Lighting District No. 99-1 for Fiscal Year 2019-20, subject to assessment under the Act, as described in the City Engineer's report. Parcels within the District that are owned or used by any county, city, city and county, special district or any other local or regional governmental agency, the State of California, or the United States shall be assessed unless the City demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that such lots or parcels receive no special benefit from the proposed improvements. The rates of the assessment to be levied for Fiscal Year 2019-20 are not proposed to increase from the rates levied in Fiscal Year 2018-19.

SECTION 6. Notice is hereby given that June 11, 2019, at 6:30 p.m. (or as soon thereafter as the City Council may hear same), in the Community Meeting Center, 11300 Stanford Avenue, Garden Grove, California, is hereby fixed as the time and place for a Public Hearing on the question of the levy of the proposed assessments. Any interested person may file a written protest with the City Clerk, stating all grounds of objection. Protests by property owners must contain a description of the property, in which each signer thereof is interested, sufficient to identify the same, and must be delivered to the City Clerk of the City prior to the conclusion of the Public Hearing. In addition, all interested persons shall be afforded the opportunity to hear and be heard at the Public Hearing. The City Council shall consider all oral statements and all written protests or communications made or filed by any interested person.

SECTION 7. The City Clerk shall cause this Resolution of Intention to be published once in a newspaper of general circulation in the City of Garden Grove, California, with the publication being not less than ten (10) days prior to the date herein fixed for the Public Hearing.

Adopted this 14th day of May 2019.

ATTEST:
/s/ STEVEN R. JONES
MAYOR
/s/ TERESA POMEROY, CMC
CITY CLERK

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
COUNTY OF ORANGE) SS:
CITY OF GARDEN GROVE)

I, TERESA POMEROY, City Clerk of the City of Garden Grove, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was duly adopted by the City Council of the City of Garden Grove, California, at a meeting held on May 14, 2019, by the following vote:

AYES: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (7) BRIETIGAM, O'NEILL, NGUYEN T., BUI
KLOPFENSTEIN, NGUYEN K., JONES
NOES: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (0) NONE
ABSENT: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (0) NONE

RESOLUTION NO. 9555-19

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE PURSUANT TO THE LANDSCAPING AND LIGHTING ACT OF 1972 (SECTIONS 22500 ET SEQ. OF THE CALIFORNIA STREETS AND HIGHWAYS CODE) DECLARING ITS INTENTION TO LEVY AND COLLECT ASSESSMENTS WITHIN THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE PARK MAINTENANCE DISTRICT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019-20 AND SETTING A TIME AND PLACE FOR A PUBLIC HEARING ON THE LEVY OF THE PROPOSED ASSESSMENTS

The City Council of the City of Garden Grove adopted Resolution No. 9551-19, initiating proceedings to levy annual assessments for Fiscal Year 2019-20 within the City of Garden Grove Park Maintenance District, describing the proposed improvements and ordering the City Engineer to prepare and file a report pursuant to the provisions of the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972, i.e., Division 15, Part 2 (commencing with Section 22500) of the California Streets and Highways Code (herein "Act").

The City Engineer has prepared the report, filed same with the City Clerk and presented same to the City Council with the City Council examining and approving the report.

Under the Act, before levying and collecting assessments in the Assessment District the City Council is required to adopt a Resolution declaring its intention to do so.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE RESOLVES, DETERMINES, AND ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The City Council hereby finds and declares that the public interest and necessity require the maintenance of public parks in the city, and the City Council hereby declares its intention to levy and collect assessments for Fiscal Year 2019-20 covering the real property specially benefited by the park maintenance, pursuant to the Act.

SECTION 2. The proposed improvements are generally described as the maintenance of public parks throughout the city.

SECTION 3. The Assessment District is designated as the "City of Garden Grove Park Maintenance District." The boundaries of the District are coterminous with the boundaries of the city of Garden Grove, and generally include all parcels within the city.

SECTION 4. Reference is hereby made to the City Engineer's report, on file with the City Clerk, for a full and detailed description of the improvements, the boundaries of the Assessment District and any zones therein, and the proposed assessments upon assessable lots and parcels of land within the Assessment District.

SECTION 5. An assessment will be levied pursuant to the Act upon all property in the City of Garden Grove Park Maintenance District for Fiscal Year 2019-20, subject to assessment under the Act, as described in the City Engineer's report. Parcels within the District that are owned or used by any county, city, city and county, special district or any other local or regional governmental agency, the State of California, or the United States shall be assessed unless the City demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that such lots or parcels receive no special benefit from the proposed improvements. The rates of the assessment to be levied for Fiscal Year 2019-20 are not proposed to increase from the rates levied in Fiscal Year 2018-19.

SECTION 6. Notice is hereby given that June 11, 2019, at 6:30 p.m. (or as soon thereafter as the City Council may hear same), in the Community Meeting Center 11300 Stanford Avenue, Garden Grove, California, is hereby fixed as the time and place for a Public Hearing on the question of the levy of the proposed assessments. Any interested person may file a written protest with the City Clerk stating all grounds of objection. Protests by property owners must contain a description of the property in which each signer thereof is interested, sufficient to identify the same, and must be delivered to the City Clerk of the City prior to the conclusion of the hearing. In addition, all interested persons shall be afforded the opportunity to hear and be heard at the hearing. The City Council shall consider all oral statements and all written protests or communications made or filed by any interested person.

SECTION 7. The City Clerk shall cause this Resolution of Intention to be published once in a newspaper of general circulation in the city of Garden Grove, California with the publication being not less than ten (10) days prior to the date herein fixed for the Public Hearing.

Adopted this 14th day of May 2019.

ATTEST:
/s/ STEVEN R. JONES
MAYOR
/s/ TERESA POMEROY, CMC
CITY CLERK

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
COUNTY OF ORANGE) SS:
CITY OF GARDEN GROVE)

I, TERESA POMEROY, City Clerk of the City of Garden Grove, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was duly adopted by the City Council of the City of Garden Grove, California, at a meeting held on May 14, 2019, by the following vote:

AYES: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (7) BRIETIGAM, O'NEILL, NGUYEN T., BUI
KLOPFENSTEIN, NGUYEN K., JONES
NOES: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (0) NONE
ABSENT: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (0) NONE

GARDEN GROVE CITY COUNCIL

RESOLUTION NO. 9559-19

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE, DECLARING ITS INTENTION TO ORDER THE MAINTENANCE OF CERTAIN IMPROVEMENTS IN THE DOWNTOWN ASSESSMENT DISTRICT IN THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE; DESCRIBING THE DISTRICT TO BE BENEFITED, AND DECLARING ITS INTENTION TO LEVY AN ASSESSMENT TO PAY THE COST AND EXPENSES THEREOF; AND SETTING THE TIME AND PLACE FOR THE PUBLIC HEARING ON THE QUESTION OF THE LEVY OF THE PROPOSED ASSESSMENT

WHEREAS, the City Council of the City of Garden Grove, adopted Resolution No. 9557-19, which described existing and any proposed new improvements or substantial changes in existing improvements in the Downtown Assessment District, and ordered the City Engineer to prepare and file a report pursuant to the provisions of the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972, i.e., Division 15, Part 2 (commencing with Section 22500) of the California Streets and Highways Code (hereinafter "Act");

WHEREAS, the City Council formed an Assessment District to finance the maintenance of certain improvements under the Act;

WHEREAS, the proposed boundaries of such Assessment District are shown on a map thereof which indicates by a boundary line the extent of the territory included in such Assessment District, which map is designated "Assessment Diagram Downtown Assessment District" as part of the report of the City Engineer described more fully herein below and such map is on file in the City Clerk's Office;

WHEREAS, the City Engineer is competent to make and file with the City Council a report regarding maintenance of the improvements, which is required by the Act;

WHEREAS, the City Council has directed the City Engineer to procure the required information and prepare and present to the City Council the written report of maintenance required by the Act;

WHEREAS, the City Engineer has prepared the report, and filed it with the City Clerk and presented it to the City Council and the City Council has examined the report;

WHEREAS, under the Act, before levying and collecting assessments in the Assessment District, the City Council is required to adopt a Resolution declaring its intention to do so; and

WHEREAS, the City Council proposes no increase in assessment for a total of \$19.92 per linear foot of frontage on Main Street and Garden Grove Boulevard.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GARDEN GROVE DOES HEREBY RESOLVE, DETERMINE, AND ORDER as follows:

Section 1. The City Council hereby finds and declares that the public interest and necessity require the maintenance of certain improvements in the streets and other public easements as hereinafter described, and the City Council hereby declares its intention to levy and collect assessments covering the real property benefited by the improvements, pursuant to the Act.

Section 2. The City Council intends to order maintenance of improvements in certain streets, and other public easements, as follows:

A portion of Main Street from Garden Grove Boulevard to Acacia Parkway and a portion of Garden Grove Boulevard between 150.16 feet west of the centerline of Main Street and 150.06 feet east of the centerline of Main Street, all being within the district, including on street parking, sidewalks, center gutter, street lights, street trees, and street furniture, including bollards, benches, trash receptacles, drinking fountains, miscellaneous planters, and related items.

Section 3. The District is designated Downtown Assessment District, and is generally located on Main Street between Acacia Parkway and Garden Grove Boulevard.

Section 4. The report of the City Engineer is hereby approved, and the City Clerk is directed to endorse the fact and date of approval on the report and to file the report in its office. Reference is hereby made to the report, on file with City Clerk, for a full and detailed description of the improvements to be maintained; the boundaries of the Assessment District; and the proposed assessments upon assessable lots and parcels of land within the District.

Section 5. An assessment will be levied pursuant to the Act upon all property in Downtown Assessment District subject to assessment under the Act to pay the balance of costs and expenses of the maintenance of the improvements.

Section 6. Notice is hereby given that as there is no increase in the assessment for the 2019-20 Fiscal Year for Downtown Assessment District, there will only be one Public Hearing, which will be held on June 11, 2019, at 6:30 p.m. (or as soon thereafter as the City Council may hear same), in the Community Meeting Center, 11300 Stanford Avenue, Garden Grove, California, which is hereby set as the time and place for the Public Hearing on the question of the levy of the proposed assessment. Any interested person may file a written protest with the City Clerk, in which each signer is interested, sufficient to identify the property, which must be delivered to the City Clerk prior to the conclusion of the Public Hearing. In addition, all interested persons shall be afforded the opportunity to be heard at the Public Hearing. The City Council shall consider all oral statements and all written protests or communications made or filed by any interested persons.

Section 7. The City Clerk shall cause this Resolution of Intention to be published once in a newspaper of general circulation in the city of Garden Grove, California, not less than ten (10) days prior to the date set for the Public Hearing.

Adopted this 14th day of May 2019.

ATTEST:

/s/ STEVEN R. JONES

MAYOR

/s/ TERESA POMEROY, CMC

CITY CLERK

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
COUNTY OF ORANGE) SS:
CITY OF GARDEN GROVE)

I, TERESA POMEROY, City Clerk of the City of Garden Grove, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was duly adopted by the City Council of the City of Garden Grove, California, at a meeting held on May 14, 2019, by the following vote:

AYES: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (7) BRIETIGAM, O'NEILL, NGUYEN T., BUI
KLOPFENSTEIN, NGUYEN K., JONES
NOES: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (0) NONE
ABSENT: COUNCIL MEMBERS: (0) NONE

THURSDAY, MAY 23RD, 2019

Garden Grove Huntington Beach Stanton Westminster

The Tribune

www.orangecountytribune.com ■ Non-partisan news, opinion, arts and sports

GARDEN GROVE

The Tribune
May 20, 2019
Page 1 of 2

Burglaries reported at three pharmacies

BY OC TRIBUNE STAFF ON MAY 20, 2019 • (LEAVE A COMMENT)



A SCREEN SHOT from surveillance video of one of the pharmacy break-in attempts on Westminster Avenue in Garden Grove on Saturday (GGPD image).

A wave of break-ins at pharmacies in Garden Grove and across Orange County is drawing the attention of area law enforcement agencies.

Three such incidents took place in Garden Grove in the pre-dawn hours of Saturday, according to Lt. Carl Whitney of the GGPD. They were all on Westminster Avenue between 4:14 a.m. and 4:45 a.m.

(<https://orangecountytribune.files.wordpress.com/2016/09/ggpd.jpg>)The break-ins were at:

- Hong Pharmacy, 8883 Westminster Ave.
- Ana Pharmacy, 10191 Westminster Ave.
- Cali Care Pharmacy, 10278 Westminster Ave.

The front doors to the businesses were pried open by a male suspect using a yellow crow bar. Security gates at two of the locations kept the suspect from getting into the store.

At the one location where complete entry was made, prescription medications that included cough syrup with codeine were taken. Surveillance videos indicate that the same suspect or suspects were responsible for the burglaries.

Pharmacies across Orange and Los Angeles counties have been targeted recently, according to Lt. Whitney. Anyone with information about the identities of the suspect or suspects is asked to call the GGPD at (714) 741-5704.



**The Tribune
May 20, 2019
Page 2 of 2**

THURSDAY, MAY 23RD, 2019

Garden Grove Huntington Beach Stanton Westminster

The Tribune

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The Tribune
May 19, 2019
Page 1 of 2

GARDEN GROVE

Heavy traffic seen for Festival weekend

BY OC TRIBUNE STAFF ON MAY 19, 2019 • (LEAVE A COMMENT)



THE STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL parade on Saturday will tangle traffic in Garden Grove's central area (OC Tribune photo).

Beginning Friday, May 24 through Monday, May 27, the 61st annual Garden Grove Strawberry Festival will take place at Village Green park, located at 12732 Main St. During the four-day festival, heavy traffic is anticipated in the immediate area. Motorists are asked to plan accordingly to avoid delays.

(<https://orangecountytribune.files.wordpress.com/2019/05/2019-sf-logo-v7-208x250.png>) Main Street, north of Acacia Parkway, will be closed from Thursday, May 23 through Tuesday, May 28.

On Saturday, May 25, from 6 a.m. to 2 p.m., the following streets will be closed for the 6th annual Strawberry Stomp 5K and the Strawberry Festival Parade:

- Acacia Parkway, from Grove Street to Civic Center Drive
- 9th Street, between Jerry Lane and Orangewood Avenue
- Chapman Avenue, between West and Nelson Streets
- Euclid Street, between Orangewood Avenue and Garden Grove Boulevard

No vehicles will be allowed to drive or park on the closed streets until the 5K and parade have ended. Streets impacted by the road closures will be posted with 'NO PARKING' signs and residents will be notified in advance. Vehicles found on the street after 4 a.m., on Saturday, May 25, 2019, will be towed and impounded.



Orange County Transit Authority bus routes will be affected by road closures.

Stanford Avenue and residential streets near Lampson Avenue and Euclid Street will be open to residents only. Identification will be required for vehicles traveling on those streets during festival hours.

Residential parking by permit only will be enforced on Pine and Walnut Streets, south of Lampson Avenue, and College Avenue, between Euclid and Pine Streets.

Garden Grove police officers will be on-site to provide directions for residents entering or leaving the area.

Suggested alternate routes during the 5K and parade hours are Katella Avenue or Garden Grove Boulevard for east and west traffic. For north and south traffic, alternate routes are Brookhurst or West Streets.

On Saturday, May 25, 2019, the Strawberry Stomp 5K walk/run race will officially begin at 8 a.m. on Main Street and travel north on Euclid Street, heading east on Chapman Avenue to 9th Street, before looping back onto Euclid Street. The 5K will finish on Main Street at 9 a.m.

Following the 5K, at 10 a.m., the Strawberry Festival Parade will begin on Chapman Avenue, from 9th to Euclid Streets, then continue south towards Village Green park where it concludes at Acacia Parkway.

To view the full schedule of events, visit strawberryfestival.org. (<http://icm-tracking.meltwater.com/link.php?DynEngagement=true&H=qJ9juQrYQnz1cqUgIm8psgUQ75z%2Bv%2FUt%2BmzLgDhho6nnEEJMrQdYl6WsSFaxpHclVfNjNwDdypi6v7HbaFPMr12snj0djuFWB3r%2B%2B5w%2FvcPdTrCz0iy9yQ952yni%2FINb8SDDF0hf9Hs%3D&G=0&R=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.strawberryfestival.org&I=20190517201727.0000023b2cdf%40mail6-42-usnbn1&X=MHwxMDQ2NzU4OjVjZGYxNmQ1ZjZkNTJmODk1NTEyOWExZjs%3D&S=0eQShP3LeZznz1ioqx8tSpuTOKShEJeaYvsrtXLLdXo>)

For more information on the Strawberry Stomp 5K, visit strawberrystomp.org. (<http://icm-tracking.meltwater.com/link.php?DynEngagement=true&H=qJ9juQrYQnz1cqUgIm8psgUQ75z%2Bv%2FUt%2BmzLgDhho6nnEEJMrQdYl6WsSFaxpHclVfNjNwDdypi6v7HbaFPMr12snj0djuFWB3r%2B%2B5w%2FvcPdTrCz0iy9yQ952yni%2FINb8SDDF0hf9Hs%3D&G=0&R=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.strawberrystomp.org&I=20190517201727.0000023b2cdf%40mail6-42-usnbn1&X=MHwxMDQ2NzU4OjVjZGYxNmQ1ZjZkNTJmODk1NTEyOWExZjs%3D&S=iQ8pTODissj0bQ-Yxk4v9ABNwSj4s1g6Cved20TEvk>)

For more information on street closures, call the Garden Grove Police Department at (714) 741-5704.

THURSDAY, MAY 23RD, 2019

Garden Grove Huntington Beach Stanton Westminster

The Tribune

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SCHOOLS

The Tribune
May 18, 2019
Page 1 of 2

Mafi, Adams are honored for arts work

BY OC TRIBUNE STAFF ON MAY 18, 2019 • (LEAVE A COMMENT)



SUPT. GABRIELA MAFI and teacher Lori Adams (GGUSD photo).

Garden Grove Unified School District Superintendent Gabriela Mafi received an Arts Leadership Award at the 2019 Orange County Music & Arts Educators Awards Ceremony hosted by the Orange County Department of Education at Segerstrom Center for the Arts on May 9. The award recognizes Dr. Mafi for exceptional leadership and support of art programs, which have flourished under her leadership.

GGUSD teacher Lori Adams from Post Elementary School was recognized among the county's 2019 Outstanding Arts Educators, and was the only elementary teacher to receive a special award for excellence in Visual Arts instruction.



(<https://orangecountytribune.files.wordpress.com/2016/08/ggusdlogo.png>) Adams is one of the 24 GGUSD elementary teachers on the district's Visual Arts Learning Team, a group of teachers learning about delivering high quality art instruction in the elementary classroom. A 23-year veteran teacher, Adams teaches fourth grade and interweaves visual art instruction into her classroom and teaches an after-school art class to provide more students with an opportunity to express their creativity.

"Dr. Mafi has been a champion for arts education and has shown incredible support for providing equity in access to ensure all students have an opportunity to participate in arts programs," said Walter Muneton, board of education trustee.

"When other districts were cutting art, Dr. Mafi worked with the board to ensure art programs continued to thrive in our district. Our art, dance, music, and theater teachers, along with our classroom teachers like Lori Adams inspire students' creativity and empower students with countless benefits toward their academic and personal growth."

Under Dr. Mafi's leadership, music instruction has doubled at primary levels and has been added to transitional kindergarten and kindergarten classes. Four years ago, Dr. Mafi reinstated and expanded a music program at the Special Education Center at Mark Twain, which serves the district's most medically fragile students, and two years ago, a music program was implemented for secondary students in Moderate/Severe Special Education settings for the first time.

Recently GGUSD adopted its first Arts Plan, increased professional development for all Visual and Performing Arts teachers, and coming this Fall the district will open its first Arts Academy launched at Bryant Elementary School and its first elementary and intermediate Mariachi after-school program.

The GGUSD serves most of Garden Grove and portions of Santa Ana, Anaheim, Westminster, Cypress, Stanton, and Fountain Valley.

The Tribune
May 18, 2019
Page 2 of 2

THURSDAY, MAY 23RD, 2019

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GARDEN GROVE

The Tribune
May 16, 2019
Page 1 of 3

“Fallen Five” a core of GGPD’s history

BY OC TRIBUNE STAFF ON MAY 16, 2019 • (LEAVE A COMMENT)



THE NICHOLSON PIPES AND DRUMS at Thursday’s police memorial event in Garden Grove (OC Tribune photos).

By **Jim Tortolano**

The 32nd Annual “Call to Duty” Memorial honoring the five Garden Grove Police Department officers killed in the line of duty touched strongly on the history of the department, including remarks by a former GGPD chief.

([https://orangecountytribune.files.wordpress.com/2019/05/fallen-five-box-5-17-](https://orangecountytribune.files.wordpress.com/2019/05/fallen-five-box-5-17-18.jpg)

18.jpg) Officers, community members and others gathered in front of the police facility on Acacia Parkway Thursday afternoon to reflect on the service and sacrifice not just of the "Fallen Five," but also of all those who have chosen a career in law enforcement.

"Cops are special," said Joseph Polisar, who retired as Garden Grove's chief of police in 2011 after 12 years in the post. "They believe that people who are good enough to be cops are special and that the institution we are bonded in is special." He went on to say "Democracy couldn't exist without the police. They are what I like to call the referees in the Great Game of Life."

The current chief, Tom DaRé, also spoke, speaking on what he called "The Thin Blue Line" between society and its enemies, calling for police to "provide the best service possible and hold each other accountable."

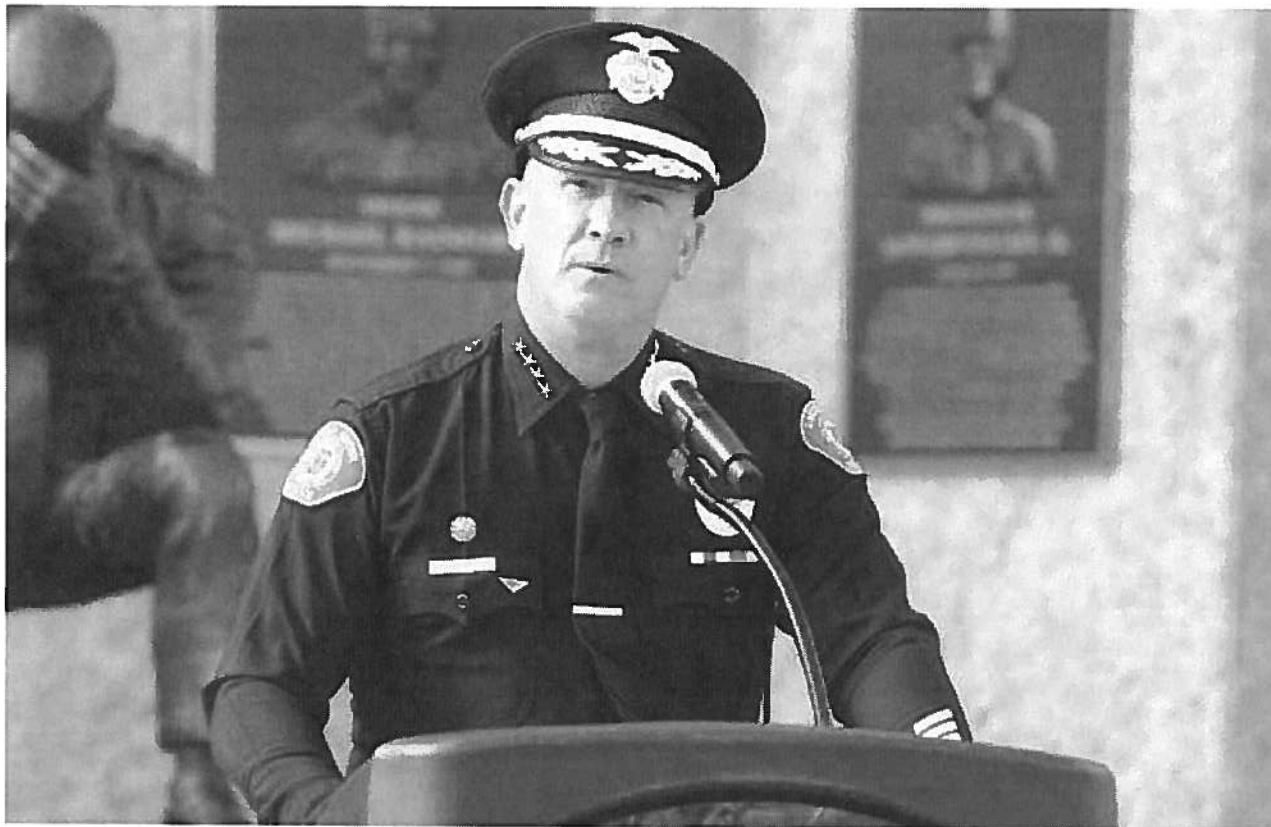
"I am honored to work with each and every one of you," he said. "Our culture was passed down to us by the heroes who came before us."

Thursday afternoon's ceremony included the placing of flowers by family members of the "Fallen Five" on a memorial wreath, the Nicholson Pipes and Drums, vocals by the Bolsa Grande High School Concert Choir and guest singer Virginia Gonzalez, a 21-gun salute as well as a flyover by three public safety helicopters.

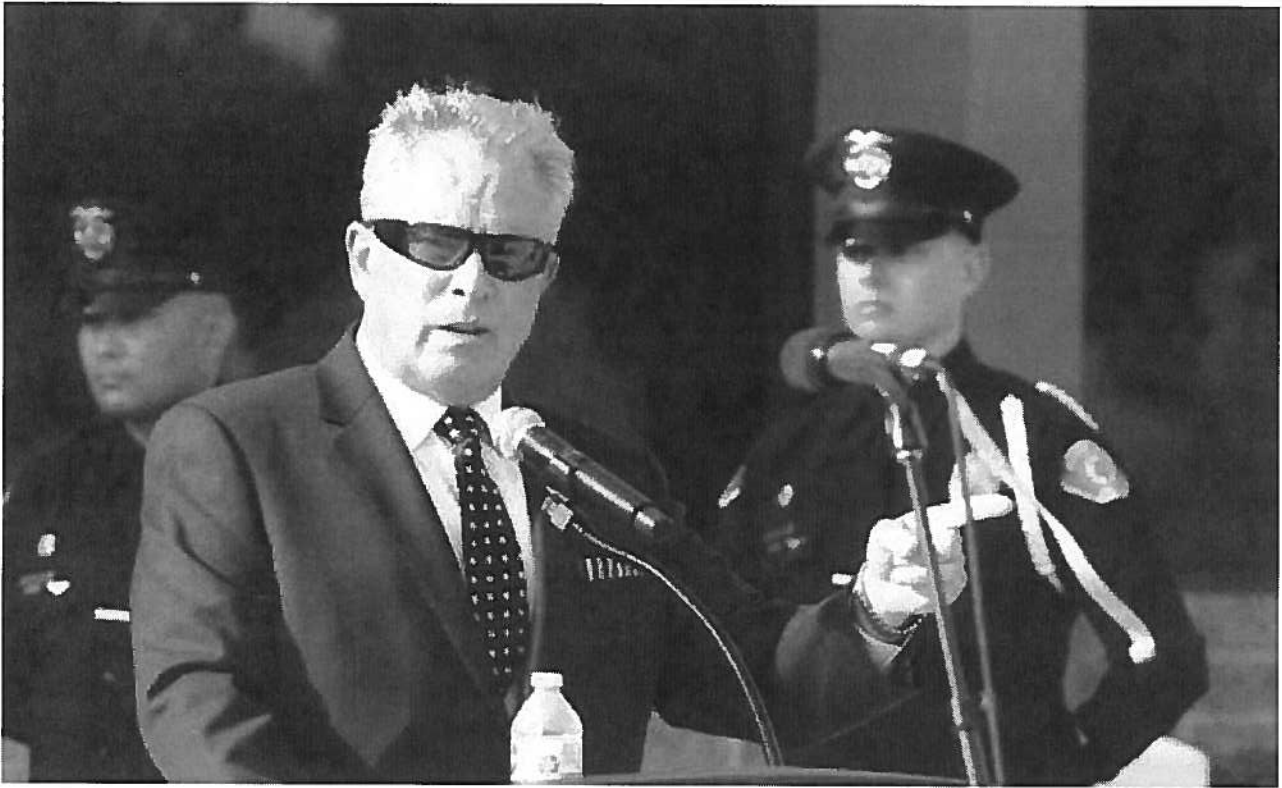
The Fallen Five

The Garden Grove police officers memorialized were:

- Sgt. Myron Trapp, fatally shot in 1959.
- Reserve Officer Andy Reese, fatally struck by a careless motorist in 1970.
- Officer Donald Reed, fatally shot in 1980.
- Officer Michael Rainford, killed when struck by a drunk driver in 1980.
- Master Officer Howard Dailies, Jr., fatally shot in 1993.



GGPD CHIEF TOM DARE.



FORMER CHIEF Joe Polisar.

The Tribune
May 16, 2019
Page 3 of 3



CITY OF GARDEN GROVE NEWS

CONTACT: Sgt. Lino Santana
(714) 741-5704
Garden Grove Police Department

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Public Information Office (714) 741-5280

Follow the City of Garden Grove on Social Media

Tuesday, May 21, 2019



17th ANNUAL CUB SCOUT PUSH CART DERBY TO CAUSE ROAD CLOSURE ON SPRINGDALE STREET

On Saturday, June 1, 2019, from 6:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Springdale Street, between the Garden Grove Freeway (SR-22) and Lampson Avenue, will be closed for the 17th annual Cub Scout Pushcart Derby. Motorists are asked to plan accordingly to avoid delays.

Residents and businesses in the area have been notified in advance.

Orange County Transit Authority (OCTA) bus routes will be impacted by the street closure.

The Garden Grove Police Department's Traffic Unit will be on site during closure times to direct traffic and suggest alternate routes.

The 17th annual Cub Scout Pushcart Derby will take place at 12700 Springdale Street, from 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. Approximately 100 cub scouts, between the ages of 6-11, will race hand-made pushcarts down Springdale's sloping street. The event is hosted by the West Garden Grove Cub Scout Pack 271, and sponsored by the City of Garden Grove and BSA El Captain District.

For more information about the Cub Scout Pushcart Derby, email cspack271@yahoo.com.

For more information on the street closure, contact the Garden Grove Police Department at (714) 741-5823.

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CITY OF GARDEN GROVE NEWS

CONTACT:
Sgt. Lino Santana (714) 741-5704
Garden Grove Police Department

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Public Information Office (714) 741-5280

Follow the City of Garden Grove on Social Media



Thursday, May 16, 2019

HEAVY TRAFFIC AND ROAD CLOSURES MEMORIAL DAY WEEKEND

Beginning Friday, May 24 through Monday, May 27, 2019, the 61st annual Garden Grove Strawberry Festival will take place at Village Green park, located at 12732 Main Street. During the 4-day festival, heavy traffic is anticipated in the immediate area. Motorists are asked to plan accordingly to avoid delays.

Main Street, north of Acacia Parkway, will be closed from Thursday, May 23 through Tuesday, May 28, 2019.

On Saturday, May 25, 2019, from 6:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m., the following streets will be closed for the 6th annual Strawberry Stomp 5K and the Strawberry Festival Parade:

- Acacia Parkway, from Grove Street to Civic Center Drive
- 9th Street, between Jerry Lane and Orangewood Avenue
- Chapman Avenue, between West and Nelson Streets
- Euclid Street, between Orangewood Avenue and Garden Grove Boulevard

No vehicles will be allowed to drive or park on the closed streets until the 5K and parade have ended. Streets impacted by the road closures will be posted with 'NO PARKING' signs and residents will be notified in advance. Vehicles found on the street after 4:00 a.m., on Saturday, May 25, 2019, will be towed and impounded.

Orange County Transit Authority bus routes will be affected by road closures.

Heavy Traffic and Road Closures Memorial Day Weekend
2-2-2

Stanford Avenue and residential streets near Lampson Avenue and Euclid Street will be open to residents only. Identification will be required for vehicles traveling on those streets during festival hours.

Residential parking by permit only will be enforced on Pine and Walnut Streets, south of Lampson Avenue, and College Avenue, between Euclid and Pine Streets.

Garden Grove police officers will be onsite to provide directions for residents entering or leaving the area.

Suggested alternate routes during the 5K and parade hours are Katella Avenue or Garden Grove Boulevard for east and west traffic. For north and south traffic, alternate routes are Brookhurst or West Streets.

On Saturday, May 25, 2019, the Strawberry Stomp 5K walk/run race will officially begin at 8:00 a.m. on Main Street and travel north on Euclid Street, heading east on Chapman Avenue to 9th Street, before looping back onto Euclid Street. The 5K will finish on Main Street at 9:00 a.m.

Following the 5K, at 10:00 a.m., the Strawberry Festival Parade will begin on Chapman Avenue, from 9th to Euclid Streets, then continue south towards Village Green park where it concludes at Acacia Parkway.

To view the full schedule of events, visit strawberryfestival.org.

For more information on the Strawberry Stomp 5K, visit strawberrystomp.org.

For more information on street closures, call the Garden Grove Police Department at (714) 741-5704.

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THÔNG TIN

Từ Thành Phố Garden Grove

Để phổ biến trên các phương tiện truyền thông
Văn phòng thông tin liên lạc: (714) 741-5280

Liên lạc: Sgt. Lino Santana (714) 741-5704
Sở Cảnh Sát Garden Grove



Thứ Hai, 20 tháng Năm, 2019

THÔNG BÁO ĐÓNG ĐƯỜNG VÀ GIAO THÔNG SẼ TRÌ TRỆ VÀO CUỐI TUẦN LỄ MEMORIAL DAY

Bắt đầu từ Thứ Sáu, 24 tháng 5 đến Thứ Hai, 27 tháng 5, 2019, Lễ hội 'Garden Grove Strawberry Festival' thường niên lần thứ 61 sẽ diễn ra tại công viên Village Green Park, tọa lạc tại 12732 Main Street. Trong lễ hội kéo dài 4 ngày cuối tuần này, được dự đoán tình trạng kẹt xe và giao thông đông đúc sẽ diễn ra vòng quanh khu vực. Người lái xe nên lên kế hoạch phù hợp để đi lại và tránh sự chậm trễ.

Đường Main Street, phía Bắc Acacia Parkway, sẽ đóng cửa từ Thứ Năm, ngày 23 tháng 5 đến Thứ Ba, 28 tháng 5, 2019.

Vào Thứ Bảy, 25 tháng 5, 2019, từ 6:00 giờ sáng đến 2:00 giờ trưa, các tuyến đường sau đây sẽ đóng cửa cho cuộc chạy bộ 'Strawberry Stomp 5K' hàng năm lần thứ 6 và diễn hành 'Strawberry Festival':

- Acacia Parkway, từ Grove Street đến Civic Center Drive
- Đường số 9, giữa Jerry Lane và Orangewood Avenue
- Đại lộ Chapman, giữa West và Nelson Streets
- Euclid Street, giữa Orangewood Avenue và Garden Grove Boulevard

Các xe cộ lưu thông không được phép lái xe hoặc đậu xe trên các đường phố cho đến khi cuộc chạy bộ 5K và diễn hành kết thúc. Các đường phố bị ảnh hưởng do đóng đường sẽ được đăng với bảng 'NO PARKING' và cư dân xung quanh khu vực sẽ được thông báo trước. Nếu xe đậu trái phép và được thấy trên đường phố sau 4:00 giờ sáng Thứ Bảy, 25 tháng 5, 2019, sẽ bị kéo đi và tạm giữ.

THÔNG BÁO ĐÓNG ĐƯỜNG VÀ GIAO THÔNG SẼ TRÌ TRỆ 2-2-2

Các tuyến xe buýt của Cơ quan Giao thông Orange County Transit Authority sẽ bị ảnh hưởng bởi việc đóng đường.

Stanford Avenue và các khu dân cư gần đường Lampson và Euclid Street sẽ chỉ mở cho cư dân. Các nhân viên sẽ kiểm tra và yêu cầu chứng minh là người sống trong khu vực khi đi lại trên đường phố trong giờ lễ hội.

Bãi đậu xe dành cho dân cư có giấy phép sẽ được thi hành trên đường Pine và Walnut, phía Nam đường Lampson Avenue và đường College Avenue, giữa đường Euclid và Pine Streets. Các nhân viên cảnh sát của Garden Grove sẽ có mặt để hướng dẫn giao thông cho cư dân ra vào khu vực.

Vào thứ Bảy, ngày 25 tháng 5, 2019, cuộc đua đi bộ/chạy bộ 'Strawberry Stomp 5K' sẽ chính thức bắt đầu lúc 8:00 giờ sáng trên Main Street và đi về hướng Bắc trên đường Euclid, hướng Đông trên đường Chapman đến đường 9th Street, trước khi quay trở lại đường Euclid. 5K sẽ kết thúc tại Main Street khoảng 9:00 giờ sáng.

Sau khi cuộc đua đi bộ/chạy bộ 'Strawberry Stomp 5K' kết thúc vào khoảng 10:00 sáng, cuộc diễu hành 'Strawberry Festival Parade' sẽ bắt đầu trên đường Chapman Ave, từ đường 9th Street đến Euclid, sau đó tiếp tục đi về phía Nam tới công viên Village Green Park, và kết thúc tại Acacia Parkway.

Để xem toàn bộ lịch trình của các sự kiện, hãy truy cập strawberryfestival.org.

Để biết thêm thông tin về Strawberry Stomp 5K, hãy truy cập strawberrystomp.org. Để biết thêm thông tin về việc đóng cửa đường phố, hãy gọi cho Sở Cảnh sát Garden Grove tại số (714) 741-5704.

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THÔNG TIN

Từ Thành Phố Garden Grove

Để phổ biến trên các phương tiện truyền thông
Văn phòng thông tin liên lạc: (714) 741-5280



Liên lạc: Amanda Cross, (714) 741-5168
Ban Công Tác Công cộng

Thứ Tư, 22/5/2019

TÌM KIẾM QUÁN QUÂN GIỌNG CA GARDEN GROVE 2019

Hàng năm, Garden Grove Community Foundation mở cuộc tìm kiếm các học sinh trung học tại địa phương để tham gia cuộc thi hát "The Voice of Garden Grove", và người quán quân sẽ có cơ hội giành được \$500 tiền thưởng và danh hiệu 'The Voice of Garden Grove 2019'. Hơn nữa, \$500 sẽ được quyên vào ban hợp ca của trường em học sinh giành giải quán quân.

Để được coi là thí sinh chính thức của cuộc thi 'The Voice of Garden Grove', các học sinh tham gia phải từ lớp 9-12 và học tại các trường thuộc Garden Grove Unified School District, hoặc sống tại Garden Grove (bao gồm trường tư thục và trường học tại nhà.) Học sinh phải tham gia thử giọng một trong ba ngày sau đây:

Thứ Tư, 5 tháng Sáu, từ 3:30 chiều đến 5:30 chiều

Thứ Tư, 19 tháng Sáu, từ 1:00 chiều đến 3:00 chiều

Thứ Tư, 26 tháng Sáu, từ 3:30 chiều đến 5:30 chiều

Buổi thử giọng sẽ được tổ chức tại Trung tâm Hội nghị Cộng đồng Garden Grove, tọa lạc tại 11300 Stanford Avenue.

Để đăng ký, hãy truy cập ggcf.com/thevoice hoặc gửi email về tại thevoice@ggcity.org trước Thứ Sáu, 31 tháng 5, 2019.

TÌM KIẾM QUÁN QUÂN GIỌNG CA GARDEN GROVE 2019
2-2-2

'The Voice of Garden Grove' là phần trình diễn trước buổi nghe nhạc (concert) miễn phí được tổ chức vào mỗi Thứ Năm hàng tuần, từ 18 tháng 7 đến 8 tháng 8, 2019, tại Eastgate Park, 12001 St. Mark Street. Vòng chung kết cho 'The Voice of Garden Grove' sẽ diễn ra tại buổi cuối cùng vào Thứ Năm, 15 tháng 8, tại downtown Main Street Thành phố Garden Grove.

Garden Grove Community Foundation là tổ chức bất vụ lợi và giúp hỗ trợ giáo dục và nghệ thuật trong cộng đồng, công nhận những tài năng trẻ trong thành phố.

Chương trình 'The Voice of Garden Grove' là một cách mà Garden Grove Community Foundation cung cấp cơ hội học tập và học bổng cho các học sinh trung học tại địa phương, đồng thời hỗ trợ về mặt nghệ thuật.

Để biết thêm thông tin, liên lạc với Garden Grove Community Foundation theo số (714) 741-5168 hoặc tại ggcf.com.

#



THÔNG TIN

Từ Thành Phố Garden Grove

Để phổ biến trên các phương tiện truyền thông
Văn phòng thông tin liên lạc: (714) 741-5280

Liên lạc: Mark Ladney, (714) 741-5382
Ban Công Tác Công cộng

Thứ Hai, 20/5/2019

CITY HALL GARDEN GROVE

ĐÓNG CỬA VÀO NGÀY LỄ MEMORIAL DAY

Nhân dịp Ngày Tưởng Niệm Chiến Sĩ Trận Vong (Memorial Day), City Hall Thành phố Garden Grove sẽ đóng cửa vào ngày Thứ Hai, 27 tháng 5, 2019. Trung tâm cao niên H. Louis Lake Senior Center cũng sẽ đóng cửa nghỉ lễ trong ngày này. Quét đường sẽ không làm việc trong ngày này cũng như việc đổ rác sẽ dời lại ngày hôm sau.

Để biết thêm chi tiết, liên lạc về Ban công tác Công cộng tại số điện thoại (714) 741-5375.

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Garden Grove: Tìm Kiếm Quán Quân Giọng Ca 2019

23/05/2019 00:00:00



Tìm kiếm giọng ca 2019

Hàng năm, Garden Grove Community Foundation mở cuộc tìm kiếm các học sinh trung học tại địa phương để tham gia cuộc thi hát "The Voice of Garden Grove", và người quán quân sẽ có cơ hội giành được \$500 tiền thưởng và danh hiệu "The Voice of Garden Grove 2019". Hơn nữa, \$500 sẽ được quyên vào ban hợp ca của trường em học sinh giành giải quán quân.

Để được coi là thí sinh chính thức của cuộc thi 'The Voice of Garden Grove', các học sinh tham gia phải từ lớp 9-12 và học tại các trường thuộc Garden Grove Unified School District, hoặc sống tại Garden Grove (bao gồm trường tư thục và trường học tại nhà.) Học sinh phải tham gia thử giọng một trong ba ngày sau đây:

Thứ Tư, 5 tháng Sáu, từ 3:30 chiều đến 5:30 chiều

Thứ Tư, 19 tháng Sáu, từ 1:00 chiều đến 3:00 chiều

Thứ Tư, 26 tháng Sáu, từ 3:30 chiều đến 5:30 chiều

Buổi thử giọng sẽ được tổ chức tại Trung tâm Hội nghị Cộng đồng Garden Grove, tọa lạc tại 11300 Stanford Avenue.

Để đăng ký, hãy truy cập ggcf.com/thevoice hoặc gửi email về thevoice@ggcity.org trước Thứ Sáu, 31 tháng 5, 2019.

'The Voice of Garden Grove' là phần trình diễn trước buổi nghe nhạc (concert) miễn phí được tổ chức vào mỗi Thứ Năm hàng tuần, từ 18 tháng 7 đến 8 tháng 8, 2019, tại Eastgate Park, 12001 St. Mark Street. Vòng chung kết cho 'The Voice of Garden Grove' sẽ diễn ra tại buổi cuối cùng vào Thứ Năm, 15 tháng 8, tại downtown Main Street Thành phố Garden Grove.

Garden Grove Community Foundation là tổ chức bắt vụ lợi và giúp hỗ trợ giáo dục và nghệ thuật trong cộng đồng, công nhận những tài năng trẻ trong thành phố.

Chương trình 'The Voice of Garden Grove' là một cách mà Garden Grove Community Foundation cung cấp cơ hội học tập và học bổng cho các học sinh trung học tại địa phương, đồng thời hỗ trợ về mặt nghệ thuật.

Để biết thêm thông tin, liên lạc với Garden Grove Community Foundation theo số (714) 741-5168 hoặc tại ggcf.com.

- Chùa Phật Tổ, Long Beach, Nhóm Tiếng Nói Từ Trái Tim Tổ Chức: Triển Lãm Ảnh Nghệ Thuật Của Julayne Kiều Lưu
- Sài Gòn: Từ Bắc Vào Nam, Bán Hoa Kiếng
- Obama Vận Động Cho Ứng Viên Tns Joe Sestak Ở Philadelphia
- Con Tổng Thống Nam Hàn Bị Truy Tố Nhận Hối Lộ 3 Triệu Đô

Garden Grove: Thông Báo Đóng Đường Cuối Tuần Lễ Memorial Day

21/05/2019 00:00:00



Bắt đầu từ Thứ Sáu, 24 tháng 5 đến Thứ Hai, 27 tháng 5, 2019, Lễ hội 'Garden Grove Strawberry Festival' thường niên lần thứ 61 sẽ diễn ra tại công viên Village Green Park, tọa lạc tại 12732 Main Street. Trong lễ hội kéo dài 4 ngày cuối tuần này, được dự đoán tình trạng kẹt xe và giao thông đông đúc sẽ diễn ra vòng quanh khu vực. Người lái xe nên lên kế hoạch phù hợp để đi lại và tránh sự chậm trễ.

Đường Main Street, phía Bắc Acacia Parkway, sẽ đóng cửa từ Thứ Năm, ngày 23 tháng 5 đến Thứ Ba, 28 tháng 5, 2019.

Vào Thứ Bảy, 25 tháng 5, 2019, từ 6:00 giờ sáng đến 2:00 giờ trưa, các tuyến đường sau đây sẽ đóng cửa cho cuộc chạy bộ 'Strawberry Stomp 5K' hàng năm lần thứ 6 và diễn hành 'Strawberry Festival':

Acacia Parkway, từ Grove Street đến Civic Center Drive
Đường số 9, giữa Jerry Lane và Orangewood Avenue
Đại lộ Chapman, giữa West và Nelson Streets
Euclid Street, giữa Orangewood Avenue và Garden Grove Boulevard

Các xe cộ lưu thông không được phép lái xe hoặc đậu xe trên các đường phố cho đến khi cuộc chạy bộ 5K và diễn hành kết thúc. Các đường phố bị ảnh hưởng do đóng đường sẽ được đánh với bằng 'NO PARKING' và cư dân xung quanh khu vực sẽ được thông báo trước. Nếu xe đậu trái phép và được thấy trên đường phố sau 4:00 giờ sáng Thứ Bảy, 25 tháng 5, 2019, sẽ bị kéo đi và tạm giữ.

Các tuyến xe buýt của Cơ quan Giao thông Orange County Transit Authority sẽ bị ảnh hưởng bởi việc đóng đường.

Stanford Avenue và các khu dân cư gần đường Lampson và Euclid Street sẽ chỉ mở cho cư dân. Các nhân viên sẽ kiểm tra và yêu cầu chứng minh là người sống trong khu vực khi đi lại trên đường phố trong giờ lễ hội.

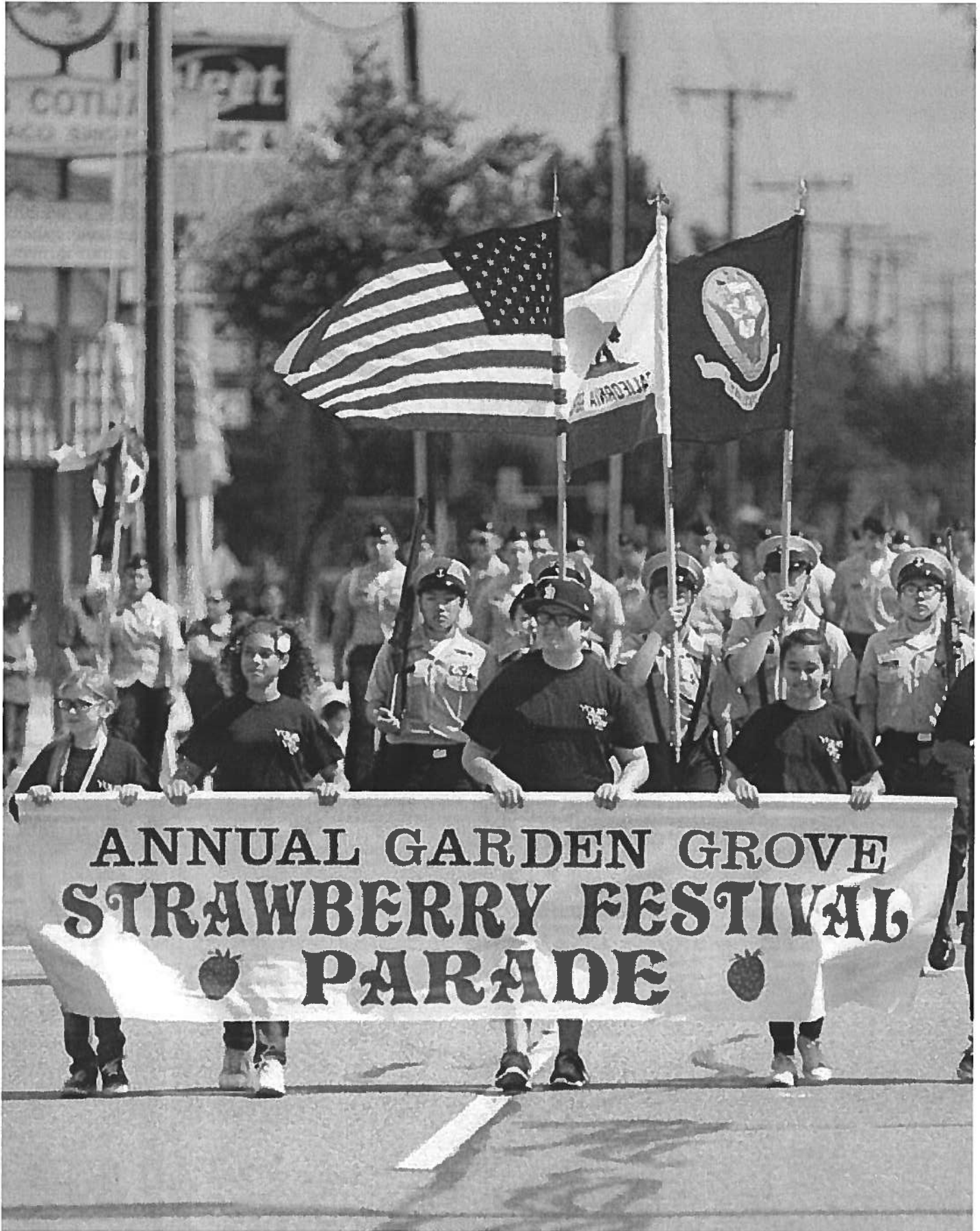
Bãi đậu xe dành cho dân cư có giấy phép sẽ được thi hành trên đường Pine và Walnut, phía Nam đường Lampson Avenue và đường College Avenue, giữa đường Euclid và Pine Streets. Các nhân viên cảnh sát của Garden Grove sẽ có mặt để hướng dẫn giao thông cho cư dân ra vào khu vực.

Vào Thứ Bảy, ngày 25 tháng 5, 2019, cuộc đua đi bộ/chạy bộ 'Strawberry Stomp 5K' sẽ chính thức bắt đầu lúc 8:00 giờ sáng trên Main Street và đi về hướng Bắc trên đường Euclid, hướng Đông trên đường Chapman đến đường 9th Street, trước khi quay trở lại đường Euclid. 5K sẽ kết thúc tại Main Street khoảng 9:00 giờ sáng.

Sau khi cuộc đua đi bộ/chạy bộ 'Strawberry Stomp 5K' kết thúc vào khoảng 10:00 sáng, cuộc diễn hành 'Strawberry Festival Parade' sẽ bắt đầu trên đường Chapman Ave, từ đường 9th Street đến Euclid, sau đó tiếp tục đi về phía Nam tới công viên Village Green Park, và kết thúc tại Acacia Parkway.

Để xem toàn bộ lịch trình của các sự kiện, hãy truy cập strawberryfestival.org. Để biết thêm thông tin về Strawberry Stomp 5K, hãy truy cập strawberrystomp.org. Để biết thêm thông tin về việc đóng cửa đường phố, hãy gọi cho Sở Cảnh sát Garden Grove tại số (714) 741-5704.

- Thời Trang & Thẩm Mỹ
- Bà Rice Bệnh Bush: Làm Xuất Sắc Rồi
- Kinh Nghiệm Làm Việc: Vệ Sinh Đồ Nghề Thẩm Mỹ
- Bắc Hàn Có Thể Bán Al-Qaeda Nguyên Từ



Diễn hành và chạy đua sẽ gây ra kẹt xe vì đường bị đóng. (Hình: Garden Grove cung cấp)

GARDEN GROVE, California (NV) – Bắt đầu từ Thứ Sáu, 24 đến Thứ Hai, 27 Tháng Năm, Lễ “Garden Grove Strawberry Festival” thường niên lần thứ 61 sẽ diễn ra tại công viên Village Green Park,

12732 Main Street.

Vào dịp lễ hội kéo dài bốn ngày cuối tuần này, tình trạng kẹt xe vì giao thông đông đúc sẽ xảy ra quanh khu vực. Người lái xe nên sắp xếp lộ trình phù hợp để tránh sự chậm trễ.

Đường Main, phía Bắc Acacia, sẽ bị đóng từ Thứ Năm, 23 đến Thứ Ba, 28 Tháng Năm.

Thứ Bảy, 25 Tháng Năm, từ 6 giờ sáng đến 2 giờ trưa, các tuyến đường sau đây sẽ đóng cửa vì có cuộc chạy bộ "Strawberry Stomp 5K" hàng năm lần thứ sáu và diễn hành "Strawberry Festival."

-Acacia, từ Grove đến Civic Center

-Đường số 9, giữa Jerry Lane và Orangewood Avenue

-Đường Chapman, giữa West và Nelson

-Đường Euclid Street, giữa Orangewood Avenue và Garden Grove

Xe cộ không được phép vào hoặc đậu trên các đường phố cho đến khi cuộc chạy bộ 5K và diễn hành kết thúc.

Các đường phố bị ảnh hưởng do đóng đường sẽ có treo bảng "NO PARKING" và cư dân xung quanh khu vực sẽ được thông báo trước.

Xe đậu trái phép trên đường phố sau 4 giờ sáng Thứ Bảy, 25 Tháng Năm sẽ bị tạm giữ.

Các tuyến xe buýt bị ảnh hưởng

Các tuyến xe buýt của Cơ Quan Giao thông Orange County Transit Authority sẽ bị ảnh hưởng vì việc đóng đường.

Đường Stanford và các khu dân cư gần Lampson và Euclid sẽ chỉ mở cho cư dân. Nhân viên sẽ kiểm tra và yêu cầu chứng minh là người sống trong khu vực khi đi lại trên đường phố trong giờ lễ hội.

Bãi đậu xe dành cho dân cư có giấy phép sẽ được thiết lập trên đường Pine và Walnut, phía Nam đường Lampson và đường College, giữa đường Euclid và Pine.

Nhân viên cảnh sát Garden Grove sẽ có mặt để hướng dẫn giao thông cho cư dân ra vào khu vực.

Thứ Bảy, 25 Tháng Năm, cuộc đua đi bộ/chạy bộ 'Strawberry Stomp 5K' sẽ chính thức bắt đầu lúc 8 giờ sáng trên đường Main, về hướng Bắc trên đường Euclid, hướng Đông trên đường Chapman đến đường số 9, trước khi quay lại đường Euclid.

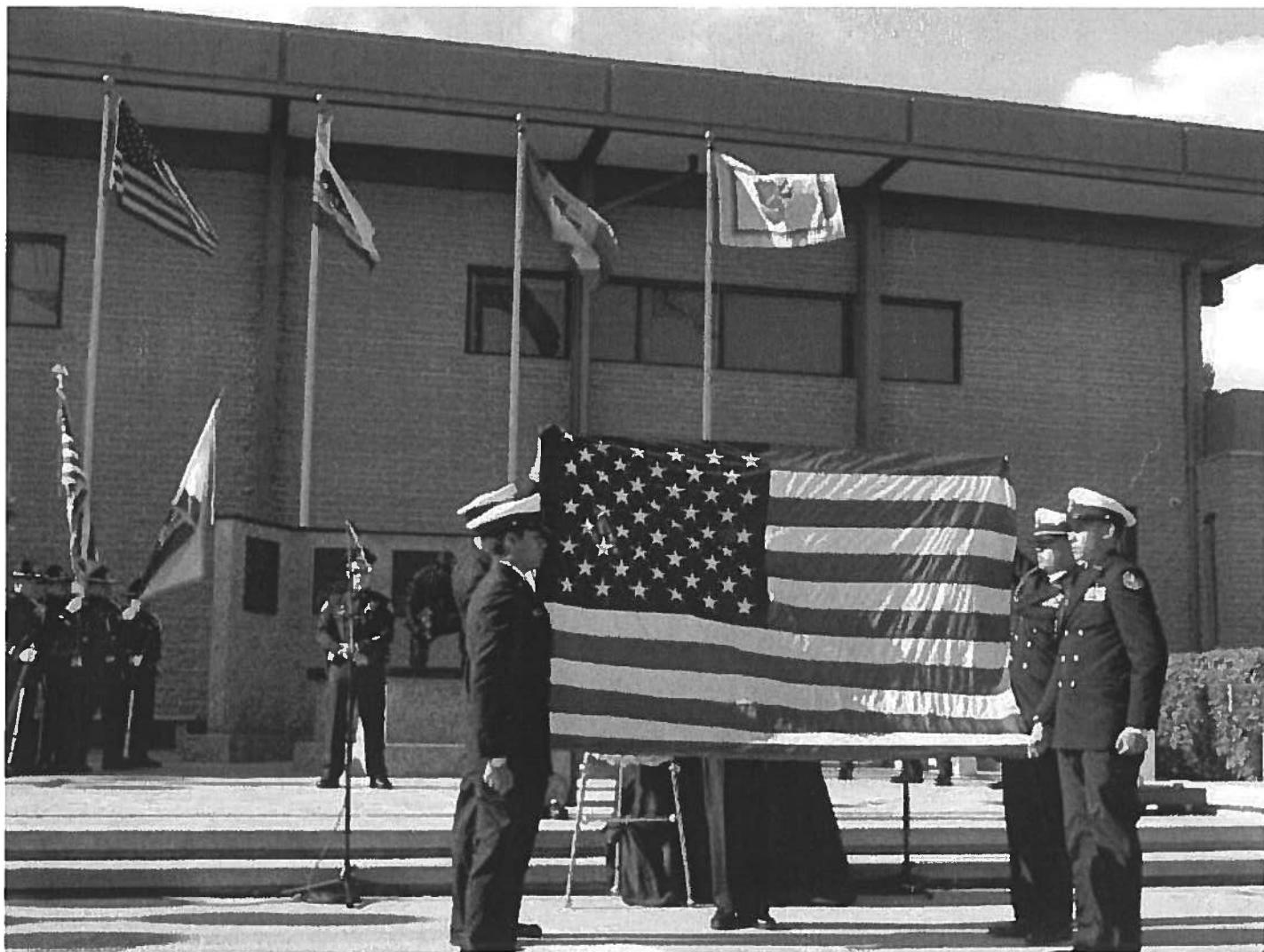
Cuộc đua 5K sẽ kết thúc tại đường Main khoảng 9 giờ sáng.

Sau khi cuộc đua đi bộ/chạy bộ "Strawberry Stomp 5K" kết thúc, khoảng 10 giờ sáng, cuộc diễn hành "Strawberry Festival Parade" sẽ bắt đầu trên đường Chapman, từ đường số 9 đến Euclid, sau đó tiếp tục đi về phía Nam tới công viên Village Green Park, và kết thúc tại đường Acacia Parkway.

Garden Grove vinh danh 5 cảnh sát viên hy sinh khi làm nhiệm vụ

Thiện Lê/Người Việt

May 16, 2019



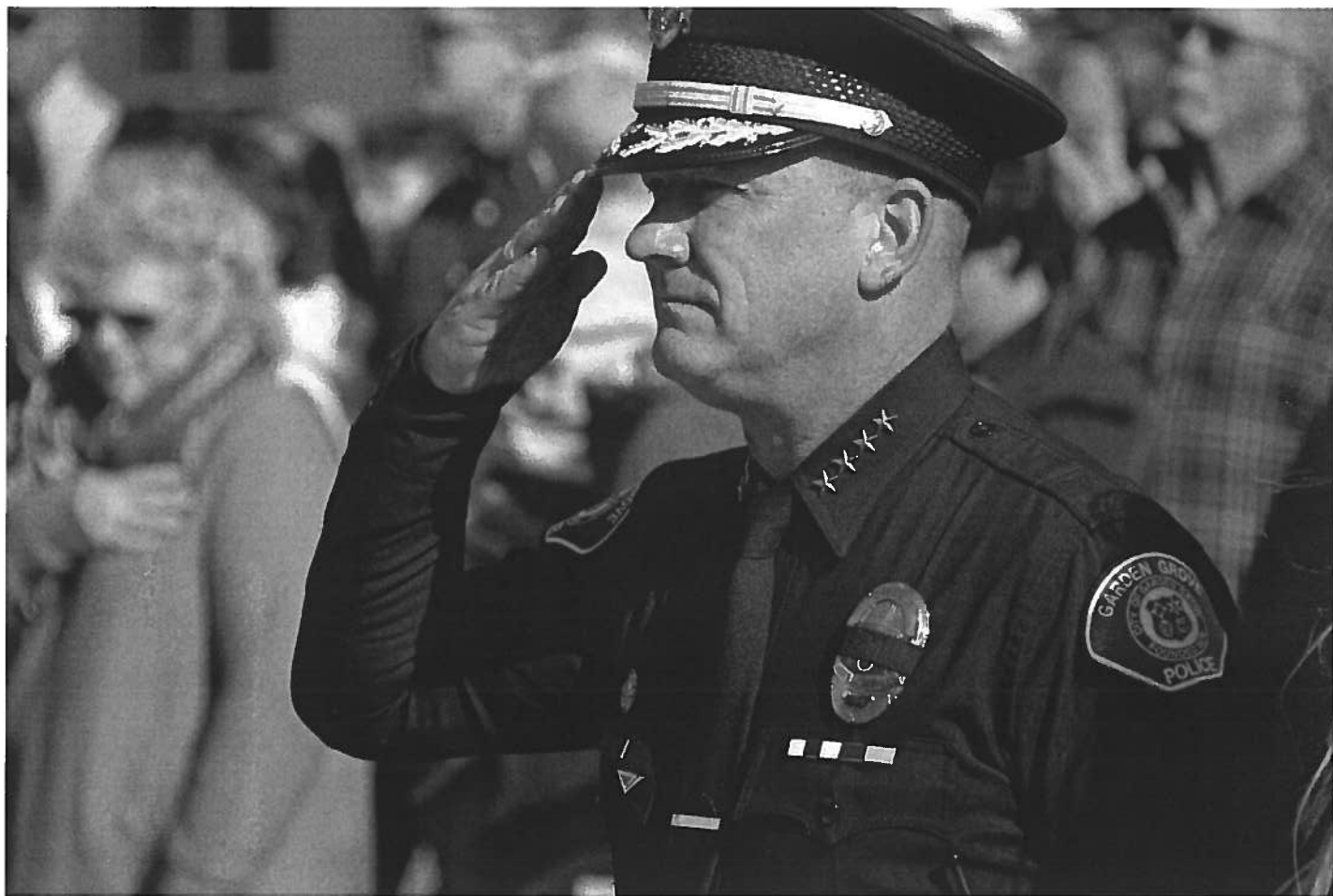
Lễ vinh danh năm cảnh sát viên hy sinh khi làm nhiệm vụ của Garden Grove. (Hình: Thiện Lê/Người Việt)

GARDEN GROVE, California (NV) – Chiều Thứ Năm, 16 Tháng Năm, thành phố Garden Grove tổ chức lễ tưởng niệm để vinh danh năm cảnh sát viên hy sinh khi làm nhiệm vụ từ thập niên 1950 đến thập niên 1990.

Mỗi năm, Garden Grove đều tổ chức lễ vinh danh cho năm cảnh sát viên Myron L. Trapp, Andy Reese, Donald F. Reed, Michael Rainford và Howard Dallies Jr.. Buổi lễ được tổ chức trước tượng đài tại Sở Cảnh Sát Garden Grove.

Không chỉ vinh danh năm cố cảnh sát viên này, Garden Grove cũng nhân dịp này vinh danh gia đình, bạn bè của họ, cũng như các nhân viên công lực thuộc nhiều cơ quan ở Orange County.

Ngoài gia đình, bạn bè của năm cố cảnh sát viên được vinh danh ra, rất nhiều người đến dự buổi lễ này, gồm giới hữu trách của thành phố Garden Grove, các cảnh sát viên, lính cứu hỏa và nhiều cư dân.



Cảnh Sát Trưởng Tom DaRe của Garden Grove vinh danh các tiền bối. (Hình: Thiện Lê/Người Việt)

Một trong những khách mời chính của lễ vinh danh này là cựu Cảnh Sát Trưởng Joseph Polisar. Ông kể mình và gia đình từ tiểu bang New Mexico đến Garden Grove vào năm 1998. Từ đó, thành phố này trở thành một nơi có ý nghĩa rất lớn với gia đình ông.

Ông Polisar cho rằng ông rất biết ơn thành phố Garden Grove vì đã chọn ông làm cảnh sát trưởng. Theo ông, không có thành phố nào ở Orange County phải trả giá đắt như Garden Grove vì phải mất năm cảnh sát viên. Vị cựu cảnh sát trưởng này cho hay từ nhỏ ông coi cảnh sát như anh hùng và năm cảnh sát viên được vinh danh hôm nay là những người hùng đích thực vì hy sinh mạng sống của mình để bảo vệ cộng đồng.

Cảnh Sát Trưởng Thomas DaRé của Garden Grove cho rằng năm cố cảnh sát viên này hy sinh mạng sống của mình để giúp cộng đồng an toàn và đoàn kết hơn. Vì những tấm gương này, ông rất hãnh diện vì mình là một cảnh sát viên và hứa sẽ làm hết mình để bảo vệ cộng đồng.



Một người thân của các cảnh sát viên được vinh danh dâng hoa trên tượng đài. (Hình: Thiện Lê/Người Việt)

Ông cho biết trong những năm gần đây càng có nhiều cảnh sát viên bị bắn chết ở khắp Hoa Kỳ. Chính vì vậy, ông khuyến công chúng đừng bao giờ coi rẻ sự hy sinh của nhân viên công lực.

Cảnh sát trưởng nói ông coi tất cả thành viên của Sở Cảnh Sát Garden Grove như gia đình và rất biết ơn cộng đồng đã hỗ trợ cơ quan công lực này trong nhiều năm qua. Cuối cùng, ông một lần nữa xin cộng đồng không bao giờ quên sự hy sinh của năm cảnh sát viên có tên trên tượng đài.

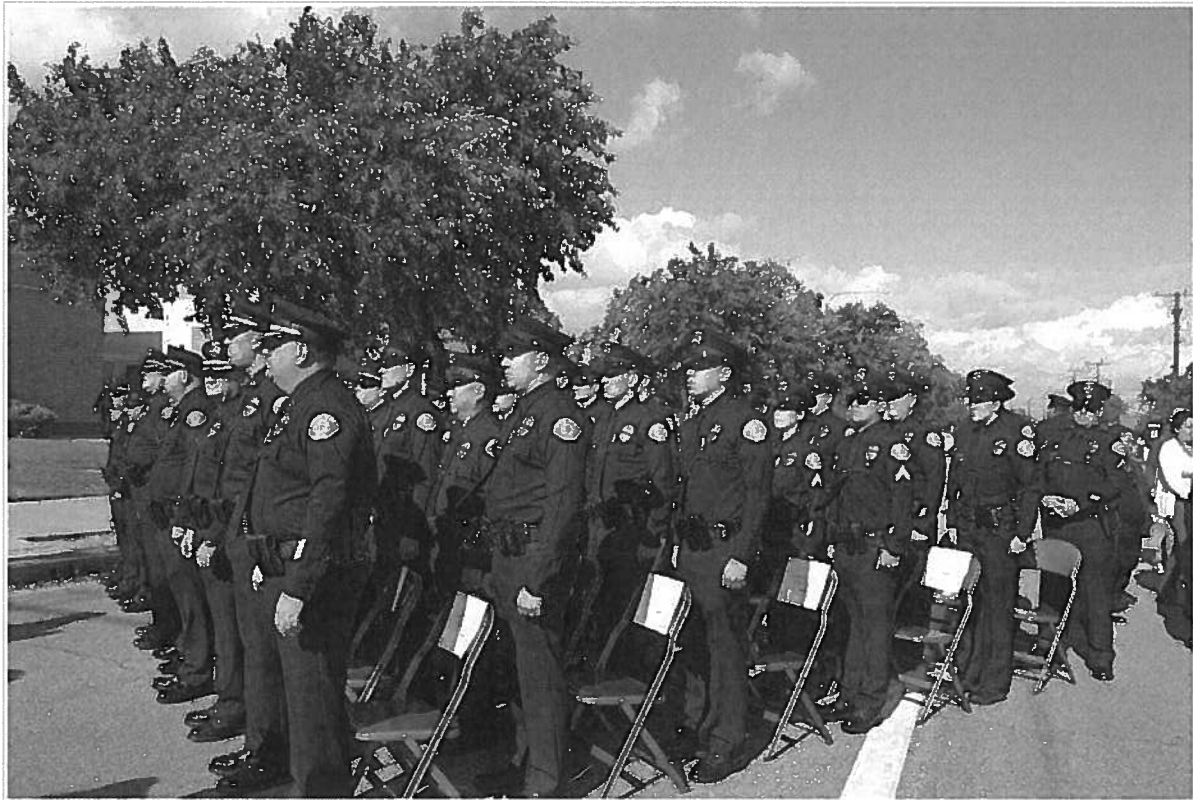
Sau các bài phát biểu, buổi lễ vinh danh kết thúc bằng màn bắn chỉ thiên của các cảnh sát viên Garden Grove. **(Thiện Lê)**

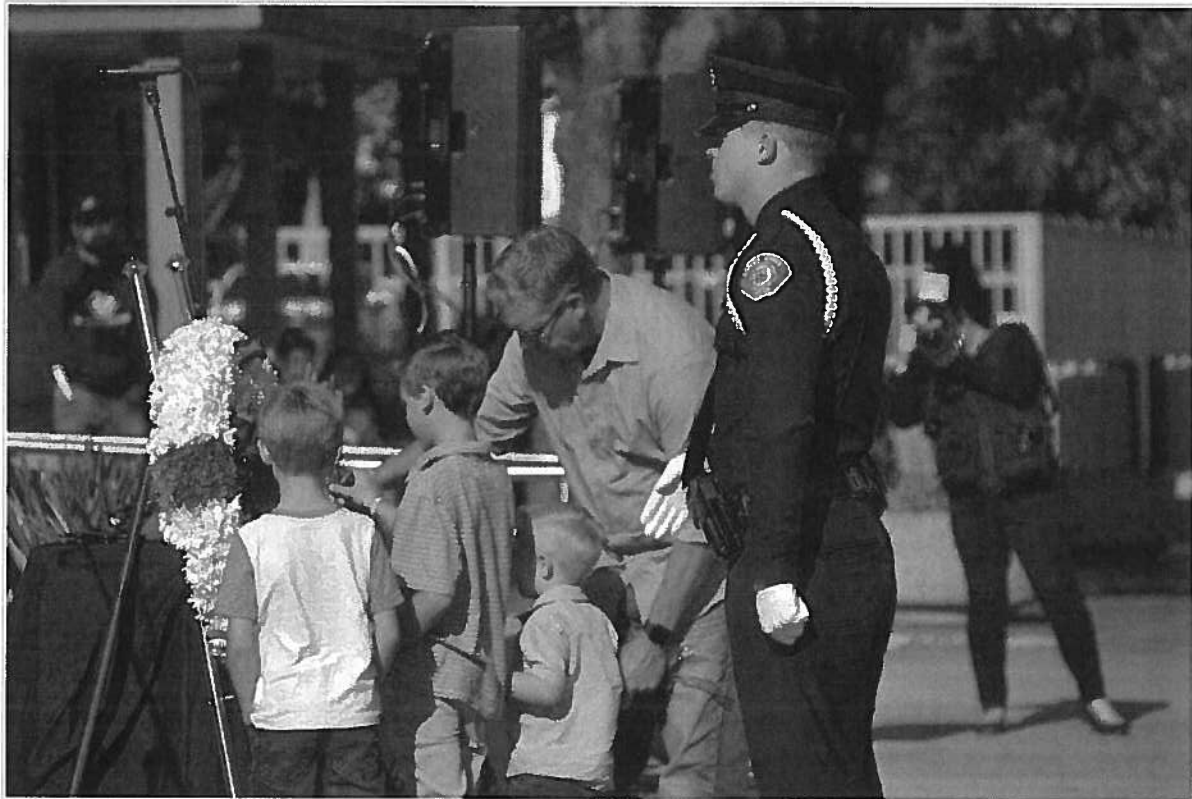
Video: Tin Trong Ngày

Mới Cập Nhật

Garden Grove: Tưởng Niệm Vinh Danh Cảnh Sát Hy Sinh Vì Công Vụ

18/05/2019 00.00.00







Trong lễ tưởng niệm

Garden Grove (Bình Sa) - Theo thông lệ hằng năm, trước văn phòng Sở Cảnh Sát Garden Grove tại số 11301 Acacia Parkway, Thành Phố Garden Grove vào lúc 5 giờ chiều Thứ Năm ngày 16 tháng 5 năm 2019 Sở cảnh sát Garden Grove đã long trọng tổ chức lễ tưởng niệm vinh danh các cảnh sát đã hy sinh lúc thi hành công vụ, đây là lần thứ 32 mà sở cảnh sát đã liên tục tổ chức.

Năm cảnh viên được vinh danh gồm có: Ông Myron L. Trapp, Ông Andy Reese, Donald F. Reed, Ông Michael Rainford, và Howard Dallies, Jr.

Tham dự buổi lễ vinh danh có các viên chức chính quyền thành phố, gia đình, thân nhân, bạn bè, cũng như nhân viên trong ngành luật pháp thuộc quận Cam và một số cư dân đến tham dự. Ngoài ra còn có ca đoàn của trường trung học Bolsa Grande High School phụ trách phần văn nghệ.

Khách mời có ông Cựu Cảnh Sát Trưởng Joseph Polisar. Trong lời phát biểu ông nói: " Ông và gia đình từ tiểu bang New Mexico đến Garden Grove vào năm 1998. Từ đó, thành phố này trở thành một nơi có ý nghĩa rất lớn với gia đình ông. Ông rất biết ơn thành phố Garden Grove vì đã chọn ông làm cảnh sát trưởng. Theo ông, không có thành phố nào ở Orange County phải trả giá đắt như Garden Grove vì phải mất năm cảnh sát viên. Vị cựu cảnh sát trưởng này cho hay từ nhỏ ông coi cảnh sát như anh hùng và năm cảnh sát viên được vinh danh hôm bảo vệ cộng đồng."

Tiếp đến là lời phát biểu của Ông Cảnh Sát Trưởng Thành Phố Garden Grove Thomas DaRé, trong lời phát biểu ông nói: " năm cổ cảnh sát viên này hy sinh mạng sống của mình để giúp cộng đồng an toàn và đoàn kết hơn. Vì những tấm gương này, ông rất hãnh diện vì mình là một cảnh sát viên và hứa sẽ làm hết mình để bảo vệ cộng đồng." Ông cho biết tiếp, trong những năm gần đây càng có nhiều cảnh sát viên bị bắn chết ở khắp Hoa Kỳ. Chính vì vậy, ông khuyến công chúng đừng bao giờ coi rẻ sự hy sinh của nhân viên công lực. Ông coi tất cả thành viên của Sở Cảnh Sát Garden Grove như gia đình và rất biết ơn cộng đồng đã hỗ trợ cơ quan công lực này trong nhiều năm qua. Một lần nữa xin cộng đồng đừng bao giờ quên sự hy sinh của năm cảnh sát viên có tên trên tượng đài.

Sau phần nghi thức lễ tưởng niệm, kết thúc bằng những phát súng danh dự được bắn lên trời để tưởng nhớ những chiến sĩ cảnh sát đã hy sinh vì công vụ bảo vệ cư dân.

Cư dân trong thành phố muốn biết thêm chi tiết, xin liên lạc về Sở cảnh sát Garden Grove số (714) 741-5901, hoặc theo dõi thông tin trên mạng xã hội tại Garden Grove City Hall hoặc Garden Grove Police Department.

- Nụ Cười Thảm Mỹ: Chữ Việt Không Dấu...
- San Jose: Tiếng Hát Trẻ Hoàng My Ra Mắt CD Đầu Tay
- Nguyệt San U.S. News & World Report Sếp Hạng: Các Trường TH Thuộc Học Khu Garden Grove Xuất Sắc Nhất
- Phi Bối Rối Về Quân Đội Mỹ: Vào Trận Chống Loạn Quân?

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

May 23, 2019

1. Calendar of Events
2. League of California Cities, "CA Cities Advocate," email dated May 23, 2019, sharing the financial report from the State Legislative Analyst's Office,.



CALENDAR OF EVENTS

May 23, 2019 – June 6, 2019

Thursday	May 23		Coaches Casual Day
		9:00 a.m.	Zoning Administrator Meeting City Hall, 3 rd Floor Training Room CANCELLED
		6:00 p.m.- 10:00 p.m.	H. Louis Lake Senior Center's Strawberry Ball Community Meeting Center
Friday	May 24		City Hall Closed – Regular Friday Closure
Friday – Monday	May 24 -27		61 st Annual Strawberry Festival, Village Green Park
Saturday	May 25	8:00 a.m.	2019 Strawberry Stomp 5k Run/Walk, Main Street
		10:00 a.m.	Strawberry Festival Parade Chapman and Euclid (begins at 9 th & Chapman)
Monday	May 27		City Hall Closed – Memorial Day
Tuesday	May 28	5:30 p.m.	Study Session on Homelessness, Community Meeting Center
		6:30 p.m.	Council Closed Session, Founders Room Housing Authority, Council Chamber Sanitary District Board, Council Chamber Successor Agency Meeting, Council Chamber City Council Meeting, Council Chamber
Monday	June 3	6:30 p.m.	Neighborhood Improvement and Conservation Commission Meeting, Council Chamber
Tuesday	June 4	5:30 p.m.	City Council Budget Study Session, Community Meeting Center
Thursday	June 6	5:00 p.m.- 8:00 p.m.	Buena Clinton's 17 th Anniversary Event, 12661 Sunswept Ave.
		6:30 p.m.- 7:30 p.m.	"Meet on Main" with Chief Tom DaRe, Wesley Village, 10861 Acacia Ave.
		7:00 p.m.	Planning Commission Meeting, Council Chamber

Fiscal Perspectives from the Legislative Analyst's Office

From : Tony Cardenas <tcardenas@cacities.org>
Subject : Fiscal Perspectives from the Legislative Analyst's Office
To : Tony Cardenas <tcardenas@cacities.org>

Thu, May 23, 2019 12:08 PM

📎 5 attachments

Orange County Division Members,

Down below is financial report from the State Legislative Analyst's Office. Please let me know if you have any questions.



The Legislative Analyst's Office has published a new installment of Fiscal Perspectives from the Legislative Analyst:

Amid Good Fiscal Times, Planning for the Future Is Crucial

In this second installment of Fiscal Perspectives, Legislative Analyst Gabriel Petek focuses on the state's fiscal outlook under the May Revision, identifying several risks to the state budget over the next few years and offering key issues for the Legislature to consider as it closes out its budget deliberations.

To read this Fiscal Perspective, please use the following link:

[https://lao.ca.gov/Publications/Report/4051?
utm_source=laowww&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=4051](https://lao.ca.gov/Publications/Report/4051?utm_source=laowww&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=4051)

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Amid Good Fiscal Times, Planning for the Future Is Crucial

May 21, 2019



Gabriel Petek
Legislative Analyst

In this second installment of Fiscal Perspectives, I focus on the state's fiscal outlook under the May Revision, identify several risks to the state budget over the next few years, and offer key issues for the Legislature to consider as it closes out its budget deliberations.

Through the adoption of countercyclical fiscal policies, California is better able to navigate the business cycle within the constraints of its constitutional balanced budget requirement. The idea here is that in good times—when revenues are strong—the state spends somewhat below its capacity, sequestering the difference in reserves. Later, when the economy and tax receipts weaken, the state can draw upon its accumulated savings to fund a spending level above what revenues would otherwise support. Exercising spending restraint during good times promotes fiscal sustainability and dampens the need for austerity in subsequent recessions, thus, facilitating policy stability. The more robust California's countercyclical fiscal policies are, the more the state can avoid boom-and-bust budgeting, which most policymakers view as anathema.

At a moment when the state anticipates \$22 billion in discretionary resources (also referred to as its surplus), few would dispute that California is in the midst of “good times.” Yet, while the notion of countercyclical fiscal policy may be agreeable in principle, the policy trade-offs it requires—particularly when times are good—can be difficult in practice. The Legislative Analyst’s Office (LAO) has sought to assist the Legislature with balancing this tension in our [The 2019-20 Budget: The May Revision—LAO Analyses](https://lao.ca.gov/Budget?year=2019&subjectArea=May) . Having evaluated the Governor’s proposals with an eye toward the state’s longer term fiscal structure, we arrived at two overarching conclusions: (1) the amount of new ongoing spending proposed by the Governor in the May Revision is approaching the upper limit of what is consistent with prudent countercyclical policy and (2) larger discretionary budget reserve deposits than what the Governor proposes are warranted at this time.

New Ongoing Spending in the May Revision Is Nearing the Sustainable Limit

To assess whether the state has capacity for new ongoing spending commitments, we estimate the difference between revenues and expenditures in the budget year and for several years ahead. When this exercise shows a recurring operating surplus, meaning annual revenues exceed expenditures, it generally suggests a fiscally sustainable situation. This is what we found in our recent [May Revision—Multiyear Budget Outlook](https://lao.ca.gov/Publications/Report/4050) , which is based on LAO revenue estimates [and](https://lao.ca.gov/Publications/Report/4037) shows an operating surplus through our outlook horizon (2022-23). At that point, revenues would exceed spending by \$4.3 billion.

Importantly, however, this surplus reflects that under the Governor’s proposal, \$1.8 billion of spending would sunset within a couple of years. Without sunsets, we estimate the costs—initially proposed at \$3.4 billion—would grow to \$4.4 billion upon full implementation. And given that the programs affected by the sunset proposals are more ongoing in nature than they are temporary, we recommend that the

Legislature weigh the proposals without assuming the proposed sunsets. In that case, we estimate there is a smaller, though still positive, operating surplus of about \$2.5 billion in 2022-23.

By planning for an operating surplus, the state creates fiscal space that can absorb higher than anticipated expenditures. This is prudent considering the systematic tendency of actual costs to exceed projections, often due to factors that are difficult to account for in advance. Although the multiyear fiscal outlook is useful for illustrating the budget trajectory under baseline conditions, consider how the following assumptions can cause us to overestimate future surpluses.

- First, beyond the level of new ongoing spending proposed for 2019-20, we assume the Legislature makes no additional program expansions through the period covered by our outlook. Any additional spending commitments in the intervening years would subtract from the surpluses anticipated in our outlook. Likewise, our expenditure projections do not include costs associated with multiyear spending plans that the Legislature has already previously endorsed but not yet appropriated for, such as increased grants for California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) beneficiaries. Similarly, our multiyear outlook does not take into account spending on future, but not yet proposed, program expansions that the Governor has indicated he supports, such as universal preschool.
- Second, throughout the multiyear outlook period, the inevitability of unanticipated events (such as natural disasters) mean the risk of underestimating expenditures is likely greater than it is of overestimating them. The outlook represents our best estimate of future expenditures but, inherently, we cannot account for unanticipated events, most of which introduce higher, rather than lower, costs.
- Finally, uncertainty is not confined to the expenditure side; revenues are also susceptible to missing the forecast. For the 2019-20 budget, the most volatile revenue sources—capital gains and corporation taxes—are what drove revenue higher in our May

outlook relative to November. Our revenue outlook also incorporates the administration's assumptions about the revenue effects of conforming to federal tax law. These estimates are highly uncertain, both in the budget window and in the subsequent years of our outlook.

Building an operating surplus into the state's fiscal plan can help offset the general tendency of margins to erode over time. Therefore, while the state's currently strong budget condition suggests it can accommodate some new ongoing spending commitments, we suggest the Legislature treat the Governor's proposed level as an upper limit.

Larger Discretionary Reserves Are Warranted at This Time

Our other central recommendation is for the Legislature to consider making larger discretionary deposits to budget reserves. Large budget reserves are a crucial buffer against more significant fiscal stress that occurs in recessions or when there is a large stock market correction. The economic forecast <https://lao.ca.gov/Publications/Report/4036> serving as the basis of our fiscal outlook assumes consistent, albeit slowing, growth through 2023. By then the expansion would have entered its 15th year if our expectations hold. While it is possible that the economy will avoid a recession for this long, it would be unprecedented. And in the event there is a recession, we have estimated that the state requires reserves in the range of \$20 billion to \$40 billion to withstand its fiscal effects without enacting major spending reductions, tax increases, or cost shifts. Based on our revenue outlook, the state's total reserves in 2019-20 would equal \$20.2 billion, high from a historic perspective, but still at the lower bound of the prudent range.

The significance of hard-to-predict capital gains in California's tax base is another reason to build larger reserves. The May Revision assumes that in 2019-20, approximately 10 percent of General Fund revenues will come from personal income taxes assessed on capital gains. In a recent scenario analysis <https://lao.ca.gov/LAOEconTax/Article/Detail/371> , we ran simulations

to gauge how likely it is the state would meet its capital gains revenue estimates based on historic stock market performance. For 2019-20, capital gains-related revenue was either above or below expectations by more than \$1 billion in 79 percent of simulations. By 2022-23, capital gains revenue was either above or below the estimate by more than \$1 billion in 82 percent of simulations. Simply put, if the past is any indication, it is highly likely that capital gains revenue will materially differ from our current estimates. Our simulations also illustrated how the range of potential outcomes widens when looking further into the future. For instance, by 2022-23, our scenarios ranged from \$4 billion at the low end to \$23 billion at the high end. Both the uncertainty and magnitude of these potential revenue swings in California's budget argue in favor of larger discretionary reserves.

The composition of personal income in 2019 provides another reason for larger discretionary deposits than what the Governor proposes in the May Revision. Whereas in a typical year, California-based companies make initial public offerings (IPOs) worth about \$30 billion of market capitalization, 2019 has already seen IPOs with \$150 billion in market capitalization. The most immediate effect of IPOs on state tax revenues is in the personal income tax from wage withholding—in particular, from the newly public companies' vesting of their restricted stock units. Proposition 2, which establishes rules for mandatory reserve deposits, includes a provision that captures surging capital gains-related tax revenues. However, because withholding revenues are not subject to this feature of Proposition 2, the state treats the surge in IPO-related revenue as regular personal income tax revenue despite otherwise exhibiting capital gains-like characteristics. Consequently, although we acknowledge it comes at the expense of spending capacity—imposing difficult choices on the Legislature—we believe a larger discretionary deposit to the state's budget reserves is justified this year.

Now Is the Time for Countercyclical Fiscal Policies

With the economy and state tax revenues likely nearing the peak of the current cycle, now is the time for California to robustly engage its countercyclical fiscal policy options. Given the Governor's proposed

level of new ongoing spending and budget reserves, California is poised to enter 2019-20 prepared for a mild recession, but only just. In its final budget deliberations, we recommend that the Legislature acknowledge upfront the full ongoing costs of its policy commitments (for example, reject the proposed sunsets). Beyond that, we suggest that the Legislature be selective and exercise caution with regard to any additional new ongoing spending and consider making larger discretionary reserve deposits.